

Too Busy
to write
an ad.

Too Many Patrons to wait
on who appreciate the
bargains offered.

SPAFFORD & COLE,

RHINELANDER WIS.

E. RICHARDS.

J. W. KINGSBURY.

Richards & Kingsbury,

(SUCCESSORS TO F. R. REED & CO.)

Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fruits, Confectionery and Cigars, Soda
Fountain and Ice Cream Parlors.

Call and get a Picture Free. One Given Away with every
purchase of Goods at our Store.

No. 25 Brown St.

RHINELANDER, WIS.

THERE IS SATISFACTION

In store for you if you come here for your summer underwear
Another lot of Muslin Underwear just received, and we can
justly claim it is the best assortment for the money ever brought
to Rhinelander.

Ladies' Night Robes, very good, 50 cts.
Corset Covers, plain, 10 cts.
Drawers, good, 25 cts.
Skirts, as low as, 20 cts.
The better goods are also here.

LADIES' PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

As we are not trying to double our money on these goods we
are selling them fast. We have just got in some more of those
Nice 26 in. Changeable Silk Umbrellas at \$1.65
Fancy Parasols at from \$1.50 to \$3.50
During this week we expect to unpack the finest line of Ladies'
Shirt Waists ever shown in the city. They are the Trojan
Make, and, take our word for it, they will sell quickly because
the price we ask will do the business. We deliver goods.

CASH DEPARTMENT STORE,

'Phone 12-2.

RHINELANDER, WIS.

MEMORIAL DAY MOST FITTINGLY OBSERVED

CITIZENS KEEP FRESH THE MEMORY
OF THE NATION'S HEROES.

Dr. F. O. Heller Delivers a Short But Pleas-
ing Address on "The Future as Well as
the Past"—Flowers Strung Upon the
Graves of the Soldier Dead—G. A. R.
and Co. L. Lead in the Exercises.

The citizens of Rhinelander did
nobly yesterday in their observance
of Memorial Day. Owing to the
limited space of time intervening, we
are unable to do justice to the oc-
casion and can give only a brief ac-
count of the loving tribute to the
memory of our honored dead. The
day was a most beautiful one, the
unseen guiding hand of providence be-
ing with us in lovingly carrying out
such a noble cause of holding dear
the memory of those departed who
bravely gave up their lives in defense
of their country that we might live.
Each year the American people are
instilled by lessons of patriotism.
The day was one of unusual inter-
est, in which the military and patri-
otic organizations and many of the
civil societies in the city partici-
pated. The speeches, songs and music
were particularly appropriate. Dur-
ing the exercises, many of the busi-
ness houses were closed. The services
were indeed worthy of the day,
which was welcomed by a good
display of flags and bunting in all
parts of the city. Long before the
hour appointed for the march to the
silent city of the dead, the streets
were thronged with people, many
coming from the country and neigh-
boring towns to join in the memori-
al exercises.

The first event of the day was the
assembling of our patriotic inclined
people at the armory, preparatory
for the march to the cemetery, the
column moving toward the objec-
tive point at 10 o'clock a. m. The
column was led by W. B. Crofoot,
chief marshal of the day. The other
participants took their places as fol-
lows: Rhinelander Cornet band; Co.
L. 2nd Regt. W. N. G., under com-
mand of Capt. E. O. Brown, First
Lieut. D. H. Walker, and Second
Lieut. Thos. F. Bennett; John A. Lo-
gan Post No. 222, G. A. R. Following
came the members of the civil soci-
eties and carriages containing citi-
zens. Large crowds assembled all
along the line of march. The old
gray haired veterans who partici-
pated in the Civil war and the young
soldiers of Co. L. formed a striking
contrast and was the occasion of
much comment. A large crowd had
assembled at the cemetery long be-
fore the arrival of the procession and
by the time the exercises began, the
gathering had assumed enormous
proportions. The members of the
G. A. R. and those participating in
the program had been provided with
seats. The program opened with a
soul-stirring patriotic selection by
the band. This was followed by a
brief but very appropriate talk by
Post Commander E. M. Mason, who
felicitingly stated the purpose of the
day in a clear and interesting man-
ner. He heartily thanked the old
and young soldiers for participating
in the exercises, also the citizens for
their manifest interest in keeping
fresh the memory of the dead heroes.
After another selection by the band
and prayer by Post Chaplain T. G.
McLaughlin, Mr. Mason introduced
Dr. F. O. Heller, pastor of the Con-
gregational church, who delivered a
short address in a very able and
highly pleasing manner. The sub-
ject of his address was, "The Future
as Well as the Past." He spoke in
part as follows:

"The problem before us is not alone
with reference to the past, but the
future. The history of the world
shows that man's liberties have
been purchased with blood. Hu-
manity moves onward for man is
greater than his fate. Memorial Day
then reminds us that we have a so-
lemn duty to perform. Not merely
to strew these soldiers' graves with
flowers, but guard zealously the lib-
erties which they purchased with life."
The address of Dr. Heller was fol-
lowed by the usual G. A. R. exercises
including the decoration of the graves
of the soldiers. The donations of
beautiful flowers were many and the
artistic manner in which they were
arranged and placed upon the graves
made a lovely spectacle to behold.
The decorations were under charge
of G. W. Bennett, officer of the day.
Co. L. then fired a salute over the
graves of the departed soldiers, fol-
lowed by that inspiring patriotic
air, "My Country 'Tis of Thee," by
the band, the vast throng joining in
singing the sweet song. The benedi-
ction was pronounced by Rev. In-
gramm, pastor of the Baptist church,
after which taps, the soldier's good
night, was sounded. This concluded
the most fitting observance of Me-
morial Day ever joined in by the citi-
zens of Rhinelander.

Our Memorial Day has a powerful
significance. In the civil war which
saved the Union, 2,629,161 men were
enlisted. Those who fell in battle
and died of disease numbered 290,000.
The money expended to carry on the
war was a little over \$6,000,000,000.
Wisconsin furnished 56,121 men—
twelve per cent. of the entire popu-
lation of the state. No other nation
ever sacrificed so much in one war.
These facts led President McKinley
to say two years ago: "Time only
enhances the lasting value and dem-
onstrates anew the true significance
of these inspiring observances. What-
ever may be the character of its
temporary problems, this liberty

loving nation is not and never can
be forgetful of the immortal heroes
of the Civil war.

"The debt of gratitude which we
owe to the nation's defenders never
can be repaid, either by this or future
generations; yet the acknowledged
gift of the obligation each year, in
various forms and in a multitude of
places throughout this broad land,
purifies our ideas and brings us all
together in sympathy of sentiment
and unity of purpose."

Much wonderful history has been
made by the United States since Me-
morial Day two years ago, which
adds greatly to the importance of
the observance now.

DELIGHTED THEIR AUDIENCE.

Blatchford Kavanagh and "Koney's Boys"
Concert Co. at the Armory.

A large crowd of Rhinelander music
lovers assembled at the armory
last Tuesday evening to listen to the
exquisitely rendered program by the
ever popular Blatchford Kavanagh
and "Koney's Boys" concert com-
pany. The program was a reveren-
dation from beginning to end. "Koney's
Boys," notwithstanding their tender
years, are master of their profession.
We are unable to do the entertain-
ment justice. It was simply awe-in-
spiring—wonderful. It would be a
difficult task to say to whom great-
est honors are due in this delightful
combination of musical artists. They
are all stars who delighted their ap-

preciative listeners far beyond our
power of telling the extent. Blatch-
ford Kavanagh, the baritone soloist,
formerly known as the "Boy Patri-
ot," possesses an angelic voice and enjoys
a national reputation. The boys are
all polished little gentlemen, who
keep well the good reputation of Mr.
Koney's excellent selection in his
choice of accompanying entertainers.
He keeps up his past standard of
merit. He manipulates the ivories
with unapproachable skill. Encore
followed encore during their concert
Tuesday evening. It was beyond a
doubt one of the best entertain-
ments ever given in the city. Such is
the verdict of each and everyone
who attended.

Merit is Recognized.

Geo. H. Drake, postoffice inspector
for the Tenth mail service district,
with headquarters at St. Paul, was
in the city last Saturday. Mr.
Drake has just been appointed, re-
solving his commission a day or two
before he left St. Paul. The appointee
has held the position of mail clerk
between this city and Minneapolis
for eight years or more. He has
many friends in Rhinelander who
congratulate him upon his appoint-
ment to this responsible position,
which carries with it a salary of \$2,
000 a year and an allowance of \$1 a
day for expenses. That Mr. Drake
is thoroughly competent to perform
the duties, was evidently appreciated
by the powers that be.

GREAT ACTIVITY IN THE LOCAL MILL DISTRICT

FIVE SAWMILLS NOW BEING OPER-
ATED NIGHT AND DAY.

New Robbins-Johnson Mill Began Sawing
Last Week Under Most Favorable Con-
ditions—Conro Plant is Being Remodel-
ed and Will Start in a Few Days—When
Finished it Will Be Practically New.

For those who are in the slightest
degree skeptical as to Rhinelander's
great prosperity, we would ad-
vise a walk into the mill district and
note the activity. Every mill in the
city, with the exception of the Conro
mill, is being operated day and night
at their full capacities with full
crews. What better evidence of pros-
perity do we need to convince us
that prosperity and plenty abound?
The Conro mill, recently purchased
by Geo. Rice, of Oshkosh, is under-
going a course of repairs that will
make it practically a new mill. This
will give us six mills, operating day
and night. It will place Rhinelander
on the plane of industrial activity of
ten years ago, when it was consid-
ered one of the banner lumbering towns
of northern Wisconsin. The Conro
mill will undoubtedly be ready to
run some time next week.

The new mill erected by the Rob-
bins-Johnson Lumber company on
the site of the old Clayton mill was
given its trial run last Thursday and
a permanent run inaugurated the
following day. This new company
was incorporated last winter with
the following officers: F. S. Robbins,
president; F. H. Johnson, vice-presi-
dent, secretary and manager; R. D.
Caldwell, treasurer. The fact that
the trial run proved so satisfactory
highly elated the owners of the mill,
who are profuse in their praise of the
workmanship of the D. J. Murray
Manufacturing company, of Wausau,
the builders. From the moment
the steam was turned on, every in-
dividual part of the mill ran as if hu-
man and guided by some supernatural
power. It was not necessary to
change a pulley or belt. The mill is
one of the very best ever erected by
the Murray company and is the sec-
ond built by that concern for the
Robbins company, the members of
which feel that they cannot say too
much in praise of the Wausau con-
cern. Work was commenced on the
mill the first of March, the contract
calling for its completion the 1st of
May, which would have been done
had it not been for a delay in receiv-
ing some of the machinery, the delay
being caused by unavoidable circum-
stances. The mill is now being run
night and day, the night shift being
put on last Monday evening. Em-
ployment will be given to 120 men,
including both shifts.

The company expect to run their
mill not only night and day, but
winter and summer. It is expected
there will be enough custom sawing
to keep the plant in continuous op-
eration, but if not, the company's own
logs will be saved. At present a cut
for the Woodruff & Maguire Lumber
company is being made. Already
there are logs enough on hand to
run night and day until late this
fall. The capacity of the mill is
about the same as the Brown-Rob-
bins Lumber company's mill, which
is about 75,000 per day.

When the finishing touches are put
on, the mill will present a decidedly
neat appearance. It is already
whitewashed on the inside and will
soon be painted gray on the outside.
The engine room will be veneered
with brick.

The writer is under many obliga-
tions to Mr. Johnson, the pleasant
and affable manager, for his courtesy
in showing us about and acquaint-
ing us with the details in the con-
struction and operation of the mill.
A description of the mill and its con-
tents may not be amiss and will un-
doubtedly prove of interest to those
interested in this northern Wisconsin
industry. The mill proper is 32x152
feet. The boiler room, 20x60 feet is
an addition, also the filling room, 31x
30 feet. The mill is the highest in the
city, the stalling beneath being 15
feet, giving ample room for the mill-
wright. This is two feet higher than
is usually built. The boiler room
contains four tubular boilers. There
are two engines with 14x20 inch cylin-
ders, with a twenty inch stroke.
The fly-wheel is 25 inch face. The
engines are duplicates of the ones
placed in the Brown-Robbins mill
last year. There is a thirty horse
power engine to operate the electric
light plant. The company has a
dynamo capable of running 50 in-
candescent lights. Both the engine
and dynamo are the same as are in
use in the Brown-Robbins mill. Both
lighting plants are connected, so
that in case of an accident, both mills
can be lighted with one lighting
plant. In connection with the boilers
we wish to bring out a point in favor
of the builders of the mill. The lack
of a sufficient amount of steam is
usually experienced in most mills in
the winter. This common nuisance
has been obviated by Mr. Murray in
the construction of the mill of which
we are speaking. There are three
small boilers and a larger one. They
are so connected that the three can
be used without the fourth one.
Last Thursday when the trial run
was made, the mill was run all day
with the use only of the three small
boilers, which insures plenty of
steam for winter operations.

The mill is provided with two
steam pumps. One is for use in fill-
ing the boilers and the other for fire
protection only. The pump for fire

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

ACTIVE PREPARATIONS FOR THE WOODMAN PICNIC

TO BE HELD HERE AUGUST TWENTY-FIRST—THREE THOUSAND VISITORS
EXPECTED—SPECIAL TRAINS FROM NORTH AND SOUTH.

Although it is a little early, the
members of Lake Camp No. 123, M.
W. of A., of this city are making ac-
tive preparations for their great pic-
nic to be held here on the 21st day of
August. The local Woodmen start
early to avoid the rush and propose
to make the affair a success in every
essential particular, expecting to ex-
pend about \$800 to carry out their
idea to give the visitors a royal en-
tertainment. It is expected that at
least two or three thousand visitors
will participate in the day's sport
and enjoy the hospitality of the
Rhinelander members of that popu-
lar fraternity. A full day's enter-
tainment is promised and we feel
safe in predicting that it will be an
event long to be remembered. The
citizens of Rhinelander are entering
into the work of assisting the Wood-
men with a spirit of determination
that portends a decided success. They
are lending their best energies to
make the sojourn of the visitors a
most delightful one.

These annual picnics are becoming
popular and are the means of draw-
ing throngs of people to the towns
selected. The financial benefits are a
great help to the community, which
is appreciated by the Woodmen of
this city and their friends, therefore
they propose to prepare and carry
out a program that will be worthy
of the largest attendance in the his-
tory of the Woodman Picnic associa-
tion of Northern Wisconsin. There
are in the association district forty-
six camps. Each camp is entitled to
from two to four delegates, who may
be accompanied by as many friends
as may wish to come and join in the
jollity of the day.

During the day a convention of the
association will be held to elect of-
ficers and transact other important
business, also to decide upon a place
for holding the picnic next year.
There is a spirited but friendly rivalry
between the cities of Wausau,
Ashland and Antigo. Each place is
holding out strong inducements and
tempting offers to influence the
delegates in deciding the contest.

It is too early to give the program
of the day. The sport, however, will
consist of running, bicycle and horse
races, log rolling, tug-of-war, boat
races, probably a base ball game, etc.
A prize drill for Forester teams will
also be given, the winners to receive
\$40 in cash. The exercises will be
interspersed with music by the local
and visiting bands. In fact many
other features are being arranged for
to fill in the day with all the good
things imaginable.

The address of welcome will be de-
livered by Mayor Brennan, who will
do full justice to the occasion. The
chairman of the committee on ar-
rangements is corresponding with

Chas. E. Whelan, ex-mayor of Mad-
ison, and James P. Churn, of Wau-
sau, in hopes of securing them for
speakers of the day. Both are very
prominent in Woodman circles and
are highly interesting orators. The
gentlemen have partially agreed to
come. Their presence would
prove a strong drawing card. Ar-
rangements are also being made to
secure a speaker from Ashland. The
committee has two or three in view,
any of whom would prove them-
selves equal to the occasion.

The old base ball park on the bank
of the Pelican has been selected as
the picnic grounds. It is a ideal place,
in fact a better one could not have
been chosen.

The local committee on arrange-
ments have been notified that special
trains will be run from Wausau to
this city, also from Ashland on the
day of the picnic.

The Woodman Picnic association
district of northern Wisconsin con-
sists of the following counties: Lang-
lade, Marathon, Lincoln, Oneida,
Vilas, Iron, Ashland, Bayfield and
Price.

The following excellent committees
are in charge of the day's festivities:

COMMITTEE ON ARRANGEMENTS.

A. Colban, J. Segerstrom, A.

Schauder, A. Wilson, Gus. Smith,

Carl Krueger, Thos. Dunn, Wm.

Brouette, Geo. Jewell, C. C. Hohn,

COMMITTEE ON DELEGATIONS.

H. Holtz, D. T. Matteson, J. C.

Jonson, J. Chabot, Geo. Jewell, F.

Anderson, A. Haeckendorf,

COMMITTEE ON RECEPTIONS.

E. P. Brennan, E. S. Chapman,

Carl Krueger, J. Y. Clouston, W. L.

Heers,

COMMITTEE ON DINING.

H. E. Green, A. Sutton, Gus. Smith,

COMMITTEE ON SPEAKERS.

A. Colban, H. E. Green, J. Y.

Clouston,

COMMITTEE ON MUSIC.

Gil. White, Gus. Smith, Wm.

Schafer,

COMMITTEE ON REHEARSALS.

C. Krueger, N. Vanzile, A. Wilson,

Chas. Guyette, W. J. Harvland, J.

Knauden,

COMMITTEE ON ENTERTAINMENT.

H. Barber, W. L. Peters, Ed. Ander-

son, B. R. Lewis, Harve Tuttle, A.

Schauder, S. Kelly,

COMMITTEE ON INVITATIONS.

H. E. Green, A. Colban,

COMMITTEE ON SOLICITING.

Gus. Smith, Wm. Brouette, Morris

Doyle, Wm. Schafer, E. P. Brennan,

J. Segerstrom,

COMMITTEE ON DANCING.

Geo. C. Jewell, A. Wilson, A. Col-

ban, A. Schauder, G. White, Gus.

Smith.

LIFE'S JOURNEY ENDED.

Claude B. Crofoot and Margaret Cairns
Join the Great Majority.

Claude B. Crofoot, one of the
eleven-months-old twins of Mr. and
Mrs. Charles Crofoot passed away
last Friday night from the effects of
lung trouble. The funeral services
were conducted by Rev. M. S. Pettit,
pastor of the M. E. church. The re-
mains of the little one were interred
in the Forest Home cemetery. Byron
Kent, of Hermansville, and Mrs.
Kent, of Oconto, were here to attend
the funeral. The sympathy of their
many friends is extended to the be-
raved parents. Byron C. Crofoot,
the other twin, is very ill and grave
fears are entertained for his recovery.

Margaret, the 15-year-old daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cairns, residing
eight miles south of the city in the
Pelican and Ames district, died last
Saturday evening, suffering with
spinal trouble. The funeral services
were held Monday afternoon.

An Increase in Population.

Mr. and Mrs. Roeman are rejoicing

over the arrival of a baby boy at
their home on the 29th inst.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and
Mrs. Jacob Miller on Monday, May
21st.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Klumb
Sunday, May 21, a boy. Mother and
child are doing nicely, and the father
—well, he's two happy for anything.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Wheeler are the
proud parents of a baby girl, which
arrived at their home on the 29th
inst.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Antone
Johnson was made happier last
Thursday, May 24, owing to the ar-
rival of a baby boy.

A. O. Hilgermann is greatly improv-
ing the surroundings of his sixth
ward residence property. He is hav-
ing a beautiful cement walk built,
adding greatly to the appearance of
the place. Mr. Hilgermann is contin-
ually making substantial improve-
ments upon his property. If every
citizen in the city possessed the same
progressive spirit, it would not be
long before Rhinelander would be the
prettiest city in the state.

By William O. Stoddard.

Out of the cavern, on a run, v
every man; but there was no confu

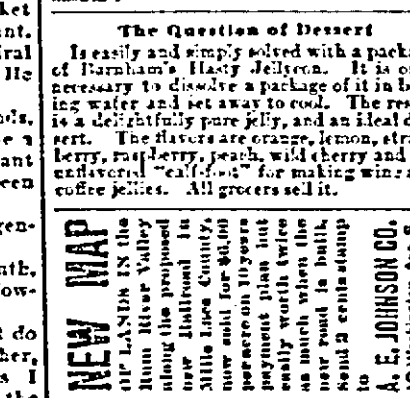
Mr. Jones—"And pray, Mr. Jones, what is the matter now?" Jones—"was only wondering, my dear, where you might have bought this fish." Mrs. Jones—"At the fishmonger's." Where do you suppose I bought it?" Mr. Jones—"Well, I thought that perhaps there might have been a remnant sale at the Royal Aquarium!"—"Punch."

by. Is probably wondering what we have happened to him had the I. for he was a soldier.

scientist. Perhaps that is why his
shocks some folks. — Chicago

ing | If a man is nagged to death
Daily | wife be tried for murder?—At
State

TEXAS MAP and Emigrants Information, &c
Information Bureau: BOX 112 SAN ANTONIO



Bill Blake and the Bear

A QUARTER of a century ago, when the valleys and bottom-lands of Pennsylvania were decked in the abundant growth of timber which was nature's heritage, any self-respecting log jobber, if his attention had been directed to the desolate Kettle Creek region, would have turned up his nose disdainfully and passed on to greener fields, says a Williamsport (Pa.) correspondent of the N. Y. Sun. But the days when a contractor could choose his place of residence are practically past, and so it was that "Blunk" Bellman was reduced to the extremity last fall of erecting his shanty and starting operations in the heart of the jungle-like forest overlooking Kettle Creek. The camp is fitted into a little patch of clearing ground far over the mountain top. A narrow turnpike winds up to it from the highway hundreds of feet below, and beyond it, extending into the wilderness, great wastes of fallen trees, stumps and piles of hemlock bark show what the woodsmen's ax has been doing all winter. Directly surrounding the shanty the trees have not all been removed, and on the frosty winter nights, when the snow hangs in great layers upon the heavy branches and the air is so crisp and keen that sound travels through it with as much precision as though shot from a megaphone, the panthers and catamounts climb up into the tall timber and wake the slumbering echoes of the forest, as well as the boys in the camp, with their wild and dismal howlings.

One of those nights came about a month ago. The panthers and wildcats yelled more furiously, it seemed, than they had done before during the winter, and added to their wailing was the voice of the north wind as it tossed the snow against the weather-beaten sides of the shanty. For that night the shanty was good enough for the boys. When supper was over and the storm showed no signs of abating they all gathered together in the big "lobby," which is home, club, society and Sunday school to them, and prepared to make the best of a night indoors. Now these woodsmen are not the sort of men who can spend an evening over a book or enjoy themselves at any tame diversion, and on this night even Jack poker had no charm for them. The fact is that they were just in the mood to listen to one of Bill Blake's stories.

"Say, Bill," said one of the woodsmen, "what a terrible cussedness ever possessed you to leave the good job you had in the State Run camp last fall and come up to this pesky hole!"

Bill Blake puffed contemplatively at his pipe for a moment, after which he said:

"Well, melder I had a pretty good reason, if I wanted to tell."

Then he laughed quietly. Nobody spoke, and when Bill had finally gone over the details in his own mind, he continued:

"You see I'd never have gone to the State Run job in the first place, but for one thing. Down at the city, where I had a lovely suit as coachman for a rich lady, I got knocked out in a love affair. You needn't grin. Shortly, I kept myself pretty spickan-span on that job, and if I say it, they won't many a handsome ribbon slinger drivin' down the pike. Well, who the gal was don't matter, an' it ain't no one's business who the dude was 'at cut me out. I only mention the incident for the sake of explainin' why it was 'at I ever went back to the lumber business at all."

"You see, everything went sort of contrary with me in town after that. I got sick of the whole business, an' all the time while I was drivin' them spickan' bosses through the streets my mind would keep a-runnin' back to the old camp life, where I knowed they wouldn't like to be no dudes nor no gals to play hide-an'-seek with a feller's heart. So back I goes to the old State Run job, where I was well known an' only had to whistle to get work."

"Well, the very first night I spent in the camp I made up my mind it wasn't no use for me to try to get away from the gals. Right in that camp they was two as pretty gals as you'd care to see—niece of the boss' wife, I guess, a-risin' then, they told me, for their health. I found out afore I was in the camp very long 'at they was a little too healthy for that place as it was, an' you'll see pretty soon what made me think so."

"The damcels started right in by flirtn' with me, an' they was so winsome 'at I forgot all about the city gal right away. I met 'em half way in the flirtn' game, an' it seemed to me 'at was in closer. The other fellows was all gettin' jealous of the way the gals was shinin' round me; but it wasn't exactly my fault if they wasn't in it, so I didn't bother about that. Well, things went on lovely for about a week, an' one night the gals says to me, they says: 'Let's go along down an' get some apples.'"

"Now the o'chard was quite a ways below the camp an' it was closed in by a big beard fence about six feet high. Of course, I went. We had a jolly time toward the o'chard an' the gals seemed more lovin' to me than ever. When we got there an' I seed the high fence I wanted to help the gals over, but they says: 'No, you go first, an' then we'll follow.' So of course I went. I put a board up to the fence an' I clumb over an' then waited to ketch the gals. Well, it must have been a minute I waited there an' I didn't hear a sound from the other side."

"'Yes,' says I to myself, 'I see what they're at; they don't want me to help 'em over after all.' Then I says out loud, sort of pleasant like: 'Oh, I thought you'd change your minds, purty damcels!' But they wain't no answer, an' I begins to get kinder mad. I was just startin' to look over the fence an' see what was the matter when I heard a growl behind me an' turned round quick. Lands o' rattlesnakes, boys, what a sight met my eyes! There was a big, ugly-lookin' cinnamon bear standin' under an apple tree an' a lookin' right at me. Well, I'll bet those beautiful looks of mine stood on end like porcupine quills. They wasn't no use feelin' for a gun, 'cause I knowed I didn't have any, not even a jack-knife or weapon of no kind. It was a little hotter proposition than I wanted to tackle just then, so I made Mr. Bruin a basty farewell an' made for the fence."

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"Right outside the mouth of the drift was a little decline, an' at the bottom of it was a pool of water that was made by the kettle stream flowin' out of the mine. I was all ready, an' as soon as I seen 'at I was out in the open air again I jest slid off, easy as you please, from the bear's back an' struck right in that pool of water. Wow! But I did get a nice duckin' an' no mistake."

"The first thing I done was to cross myself for bein' such a blamed fool as to drop in that water, an' then I pulled myself up onto my feet an' proceeded to look myself over. Never flirtn' up on my cussin' for a minute, I made a dash back to the camp an' jest sneaked in an' went to bed without sayin' nothin' to nobody. It was a little late when I got around the next mornin', an' I'd been my surprise, feller, when I went behind the fence an' seen one of them blamed gals feedin' an' old bear out on a tin pan!"

"I seen how the whole thing was in a second. Them gals had been makin' game of me all the time, an' the bear 'at had been makin' me so much trouble was nothin' but a tame one 'at wouldn't hurt nobody. First I had a notion to go in an' get my shooter an' put an end to the 'tarnal thing for spite, but I concluded it was best to curb my temper an' let it go. The feller had all gone to work, an' I knowed if I waited until they got back they'd be onto the thing an' have an awful leg on me, so I jest got my legs together an' scratched out as quietly as I could."

"Yes, this is a lonesome, pesky hole, an' no mistake, but they ain't no dudes here nor gals to play hide-an'-goose with a feller's heart an' be payin'. I'm darn glad of it."

loud, sort of pleasant like: "Oh, I thought you'd change your minds, purty damcels!" But they wain't no answer, an' I begins to get kinder mad. I was just startin' to look over the fence an' see what was the matter when I heard a growl behind me an' turned round quick. Lands o' rattlesnakes, boys, what a sight met my eyes! There was a big, ugly-lookin' cinnamon bear standin' under an apple tree an' a lookin' right at me. Well, I'll bet those beautiful looks of mine stood on end like porcupine quills. They wasn't no use feelin' for a gun, 'cause I knowed I didn't have any, not even a jack-knife or weapon of no kind. It was a little hotter proposition than I wanted to tackle just then, so I made Mr. Bruin a basty farewell an' made for the fence."

"But now, boys, come the trouble in earnest. It was an easy enough matter to get over that fence, but when it come to gettin' back, why that was a different thing. I seen I couldn't do it nohow, an' so I jest stood an' turned my back to the fence an' waited. Bruin was within three feet of me then, an' he riz up onto his hind feet an' stood there movin' his head about in a threatenin' manner an' motionin' at me with his big, ugly paws. The moon was shinin' out bright an' clear above us, an' as he stood there between me an' it he was one of the most scary-lookin' sights I ever seen. He didn't appear to be nervous or disconcerted in the least, an' I made up my mind I wouldn't be nervous either. So, lookin' straight into his face an' rockenin' the distance, I picked out a spot on the big feller's under jaw an' give him such a kick with my big cow-hide boot 'at he yelled with pain."

"You can bet I didn't wait to see the result, but I jest took it across that o'chard, as if the devil was at my heels. Oh, how my feet did waltz the ground! At last I seen a hole in the fence where a board was gone, and at it I went; I reached it all right, an' was jest about half way through when I heard a shufflin' an' pantiin' behind me 'at made my blood freeze up in pretty little lumps. Boys, did you ever know a bear could hunt? Well, I have had the fact drilled into me in a pretty forcible way for what knocked me through the fence at such a lively gait that night was nothin' more nor less than that bear's head. I was knocked into a heap on the outside of the fence, an' then I laid auggin' the ground an' shiverin' an' expectin' every second to find Bruin on top of me."

"Well, I was purty sore when I got back to the camp, but I didn't say nothin' 'bout that an' the gals put up a nice little story, tellin' me how when they saw the bear they was so skeert they couldn't say nothin' an' jest ran back to the house. I took in everything they said, an' the next night when they ast me if I wanted to go 'long down with 'em an' explore the old mine, I was just tickled to death to get the chance. We took an old minin' lamp with us, an' when we got there I started in ahead, carryin' the light. The old drift hadn't been worked for years, an' dirty water was drippin' from the roof an' coverin' my best coat as I groped my way in, never doubtin' 'at the gals would follow. I had only got a dozen feet or so, an' was just turnin' 'round to see if the damcels was gettin' on all right when I stumbled over somethin' an' went stumblin'. The light went out in the flurry an' the first thing I knowed they was a deep growl 'at echoed through the mine an' somethin' had hold of me by the bootles."

"It was pitch dark in the hole, but a flood of moonlight to one side told me where the openin' was. With an awful effort I jerked my leg free an' scrambled to my feet with the intention of makin' a dash towards that flood of moonlight. Well, I had only jest nickered onto my feet an' turned around when I felt somethin' shoot between my legs an' tip me back. I clutched wildly in front of me an' got my both hands imbedded in the shaggy hair of Bruin; for I knowed right well by this time what it was. The bear shot out of that drift at an almighty rapid gait, an' I didn't dare drop off for fear of lettin' my brains out against the sides, so I jest laid flat an' hugged tight, watchin' for a good chance to make a leap."

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THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

WAGES OF GERMAN WORKERS.

John E. Kehl, American consul in Stuttgart, Germany, in a recent report gives many statistics in regard to the wages paid to workmen in Germany and sums up the matter in the following words:

American labor is paid treble the wages paid German labor in the small calling.

Is anything more needed to convince American workmen that a protective tariff protects them against the labor of Europe, protects the product of their labor against the products of the miserably paid labor of other countries? Of course just at this point the free trader will remind us that Germany is a protective tariff country and that therefore these facts and figures presented by Mr. Kehl prove nothing for protection. As usual the free-traders set up a man of straw so that they can knock him down. We are not going into any consideration of conditions in Germany to determine whether or not the German laborer is better off because of Germany's protective tariff, or to decide how much worse off he would be under free-trade, or to determine whether the German protective system is a wise and well advised system. The only question for American workmen, the only question for the American people to decide, is whether or not a protective tariff is a good and necessary thing for the United States, whether or not it is needed to protect American labor. When it is shown that foreign workmen get only a fractional part of what is paid to American workmen for the same grade of work, when it is true that ocean freights are so low that they amount to but an infinitesimal fraction of the goods transported, the only conclusion which reason and sound judgment can justify is that the American workman needs to have a barrier placed between him and his fellow workman across the sea in the shape of a protective tariff, unless he wishes to be reduced to the conditions of the foreign laborer.

It also appears from the report of Mr. Kehl that the German workman has no advantage in the shape of cheap food to counterbalance the disadvantage of low wages. According to Mr. Kehl, "the cost of food is from 10 to 50 per cent. cheaper in the United States than in Germany." And so a black eye is given to the stock free-trade argument that, although through the protective tariff the American workman receives higher wages for his labor, yet the tariff so increases the cost of living that the advantage of higher wages is more than neutralized by the higher cost of living. As compared with conditions in Germany, it is manifestly true that wages in the United States are high and the cost of living low. That makes a good combination and one that is sure to win the battle for protection.—American Economist.

At last the truth is out. A private letter from Porto Rico says that everybody there is pleased with the new tariff except one man. That man is the British consul at San Juan, Mr. Finley, who has bought up all the sugar and tobacco in sight, anticipating its free entry into the United States. No wonder the Democrats in Congress were so anxious for a free trade with Porto Rico. They were up to their old tricks of trying to flip the benefits of the American market into the laps of the British, just as they did by the Wilson bill.

Secretary Hay quickly made it clear to the Iberians that the administration could not do more than it has already done to bring about peace in South Africa. The United States government acted promptly when an opportunity offered, through the appeal made to the representatives of the various nations at Pretoria, and was the only nation which did act. As its offer of mediation was then courteously declined by England no further opportunity is now afforded.

Ninety-two per cent. of our imports and exports are carried in foreign ships, which take \$260,000,000 a year from the American people in payment of the freight. The ship subsidy bill now pending in Congress is designed to stop this great annual drain, but strangely enough, it doesn't seem likely to pass.

The scarcity of issues for Democratic campaigning is shown in the eagerness of the leaders of that party to lug in the South African war and other foreign questions.

The Republican party has always depended upon commercial tranquility and prosperity for its success. Democratic hope is founded upon strikes and business depression.

Abdel Hamid shows a disposition to join Aguinaldo in holding out in the hope of Democratic success in November.

The Hon. Arthur Sewall is going abroad this year in preference to going the Chicago platform again.

BRIEF BITS OF GOSSIP

Frank Bryant, of Hazelhurst, was a visitor in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. E. M. Kemp is entertaining Mrs. Wallbridge and son, of Detroit, Mich.

The building of a lake would be an improvement. Are you against improvements?

Mrs. W. D. Harrigan left last Thursday for Stevens Point to remain a couple of weeks.

The fishing season opened last Friday. Many people prayed fervently last Sunday—for bites.

Francis Ulrich, a former Rhinelander, came down from Chicago, Mich., last week to remain a few days renewing old acquaintances.

J. J. Beardon returned home Saturday morning after a few days' absence at Grand Rapids, Mich. Mrs. Beardon will remain there until the first of July.

Do you belong to the Knockers Club? Are you ag'n everything for the city because it isn't as good as something else might be? Of course you'll be against building the lake if you are.

Sam Marks last week purchased a team of Percheron colts out of the recent lot of horses received at the local stock yards. Louis Haas also purchased a couple of colts of the same breed.

Last Friday being the sixth anniversary of the birth of little Miss Margaret Coon, a number of her little friends were very pleasantly entertained at the parental home. The hostess proved a royal entertainer.

Those who may wish maps of the city should bear in mind that City Clerk Carr has them on sale. The unmounted maps sell at 25 cents and the mounted ones at \$2.00. Every business man in the city should have one of these maps in his possession.

An alarm of fire was turned in last Friday afternoon about four o'clock, calling the department to the Stevens lumber yard. A fire was discovered in a pile of refuse. The flames were extinguished before much damage was done, due to the prompt arrival on the scene of both companies. The loss was a nominal one, only a very small amount of lumber being burned.

Thomas Redfield closed a deal last Saturday, whereby he became the owner of the E. B. Morley residence, located on the corner of King and Conro streets, near the Curran school. The property is being improved by a liberal application of paint, new paper, etc. As soon as finished, the purchaser and his family will take possession, which he expects will be the latter part of this week.

"Kill off every scheme for the advancement of your home city" is the motto of the Knockers. They generally get at it by claiming that the plan proposed is not feasible; too expensive; not so good as something some other town is doing, etc., etc., but never for anything. Always questioning the motives of advocates of improvements, and never a good word for anything—unless it is to give them direct and exclusive benefits. Every town has its quota of them, and Rhinelander's will be busy to-morrow. Not all the people who oppose building the lake are Knockers, but all the Knockers are opposed to building it.

The city authorities have caused a grade to be established on Pulham and Arbustus streets from the Northwestern depot to the brewery. A new sidewalk is being laid in accordance with the grade established and soon work of grading those thoroughfares will be commenced. Among other improvements now going on is the laying of a new sidewalk on the south side of Davenport street from Stevens street to the court house. The work is being laid according to the grade established, a decided improvement over the old one which gave the weary pedestrian too many ups and downs. Last but not least in the improvements now going on in our municipality is the building of a stone wall under the approach of the High street viaduct. A new sidewalk has also been laid from the same point to the walk on the east side of Thayer street. These are a few of the improvements we have noticed in our premises, though several more are contemplated and will be made soon.

Lester A. Rose, of Warsaw, secretary of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association, accompanied by his wife, was a visitor in the city yesterday. The object of Mr. Rose's visit was to arrange for the entertainment of the members of the Wisconsin Press association, who will spend a week in the Wisconsin valley the latter part of July. They will carry for a time in each of the principal cities, where they will be entertained in various ways. It is high time that the citizens of Rhinelander devised some program for the day the people pushers and their kind descend upon us. Remember, The New North offers a prize to the person sending in the best program for the entertainment of the visitors. This prize, as previously announced, is two round trip tickets to Milwaukee, hotel bills for a couple of days, theatre tickets, etc. This is truly worth working for. The people of Warsaw, Merrill and Tomahawk have their plans outlined and intend to throw themselves. We should not let these towns get the best of us.

VOTE TO-MORROW!

The question of whether or not the lake shall be built east of the city will be determined tomorrow. It will cost \$10,000, not more. The city will pay that and no more to have it built. If a responsible contractor gives bonds to complete it for that amount, that settles it. If such contract and bond cannot be secured, none will be made and the plan will be abandoned.

It will mean a beautification of the city beyond anything possible in the state. It means the building of an elegant hotel. It means the addition of thousands of dollars to the tax roll for all time. It is an improvement which would well be worth double the amount of the cost. Its value will be far reaching and its benefits for all alike.

Go to the polls, vote for improvement, and see that your neighbor does the same.

Thomas Peterson, an employee of J. Moeat Hobson, six miles east of here on the Soo road, is lying at the hospital suffering from injuries received by being struck by a freight train while lying on the track in an intoxicated condition.

Peterson came to this city last Tuesday morning to do some trading. He started for home under the influence of liquor. When he reached Shepard's lake, about half way, he could go no further and lay down on the track. It was not long after when a west-bound freight struck him. The engineer noticed him on the track as he came around a curve. He quickly reversed his lever but could not stop the heavy train quick enough to prevent an accident, though it might have been worse, as the only injury received by Peterson was a wound in the forehead. The fact that it was not worse is almost miraculous. He was picked up by the train crew, placed in the caboose and brought to the city. He was removed as soon as possible to the office of Dr. T. H. McInloe, who dressed the wound and made the unfortunate man as comfortable as possible.

Burglars have been operating in Monkeo the past week. Sunday morning a caboose that was standing in the freight yards, was broken into and most of the train crew's working clothes were taken. The same morning the railroad lunch counter was burglarized. Early Tuesday morning the store of Mr. Kelly and the saloon of H. Drenson and E. L. Grad were ransacked. At Kelly's a pair of shoes and a suit of clothes were carried off. At Drenson's the money drawer, containing twelve dollars, was rifled, and a slot machine, containing between fourteen and fifteen dollars, was carried out into the back yard and the money removed from it, after it was broken open. Mr. Grad reports a loss of five dollars from the money drawer, besides a quantity of liquor and cigars. There is a strong clue as to the guilty parties, and officers are on their track and may lay their hands upon them any minute. The parties under suspicion are a long and a short man, who were first seen here Saturday evening. On Tuesday morning they were conspicuous by their absence. In all probability they are crooks of the first water. A large bullock was left in Grad's place, but he apparently was not awakened, as no noise was heard in the building. It is supposed that the burglary occurred between 1 and 2 o'clock a. m. A coal heater who was on duty at the time, reports seeing a light moving about in the rear of the ransacked buildings about that time. The guilty parties will be given their just dues if they are ever brought to justice. The bloodhounds were sent from here Tuesday morning to put on the trail of the parties. They were taken down by Under Sheriff Colman.

Thereby challenge Eugene Stone, the champion colored wrestler from Indiana, for a wrestling match, catch as-catch-can style, agreeing to throw him three times in one hour, actual wrestling time.

Jonas Beers, Ironwood, Mich., May 27, 1900.

The above challenge was received by Wm. Daniels the first of the week and was communicated to Stone upon his return home. It was promptly accepted and will come off at the Grand opera house Saturday night.

A Great Holiday Event.

The Carnival spirit has taken such a hold of the people of Milwaukee that it is now the most talked of event in the metropolis of the state and permeates the very atmosphere. Four weeks more remain in which to perfect the closing details of the great festival so that with the opening of the Carnival on Tuesday, June 26, everything will be in order for execution with no changes or delays. Into the four days of the Carnival will be crowded a succession of beautiful and entertaining functions that cannot but delight all who will be so fortunate as to be the guests of the city and when the lights are turned out on the closing night all will be ready to declare that it has been a week of exceptional treat.

The low railroad rates will make it possible for Milwaukee to have a part of state to go to Milwaukee with little expense and the railroads have taken uncommon pains to provide ample accommodation in the way of extra coaches and special trains so that the trip going and returning will be fraught with pleasure from start to finish.

"THE PASSION PLAYS EARNINGS."

The Oteramerger People Have Learned the Money Value of Their Production.

"The most exact that a religiously inclined community, giving a play, can make of a thing is to seek to make the theatre price as small as possible, in order that all might come and hear," writes Ida Sharer, of "The Passion Play," Tullahoma, Tenn., in the "Theater Home Journal."

"But the people of Oteramerger, having learned the money value of their production, even nothing but to combine religion with business.

They charge, therefore, as much as the regular German theatres—the prices this year varying from fifty cents to two dollars and fifty cents. The expenses incurred by the village in preparing for this year's presentation exceed seventy-five thousand dollars. Yet the people hope to realize something for themselves from their work. One-third of what remains after the expenses are paid will be devoted to building a vault and chapel in the village burial place. The remaining two-thirds will be divided among the players, among whom there will be at least one representative from each home in the village. The dress rehearsal occurred on May 20. The dates for this year's performances are: May 21, 27; June 1, 10, 15, 17, 21, 29; July 1, 8, 12, 15, 19, 25, 28; September 2, 8, 9, 16, 23, 30. Those familiar with the Roman Catholic calendar will notice that, with four exceptions, the performances are given on Sundays and church holy days, thus keeping to the original religious character of the play.

Wm. Borchardt, of Fond du Lac, state inspector for the Saengerfest to be held at Grand Bay from the 22nd to the 24th of June, was in the city last Sunday and Monday. He spoke very highly of the Rhinelander location and the city in general. County Treasurer Krueger is of the opinion that Rhinelander can secure the next Saengerfest, and is working to that end. Mr. Borchardt assured him that he would do all in his power to land the prize here. On Monday Mr. Borchardt demonstrated his ability as a violinist in the armory hall to a number of our citizens. Miss Jessie Langdon playing his accompaniments. Those who were fortunate enough to enjoy the treat, say it was the finest they ever heard.

From here, Mr. Borchardt went to Ashland to inspect the Eiskerkrauz there. He was highly pleased with the reception received here.

For sale.

Good buggy, first-class condition, for sale cheap. Inquire of B. L. Hoken.

Harness for sale.

Two sets of double harness, one small and one large size, and one single driving harness, all in good condition and as good as new. Will be sold cheap. M. STABLETON, May 31st.

May States—Famous Falls, South Dakota Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for the round trip, from all stations May 7, 8 and 9, limited to May 14, on account of People's Party National Convention. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

5m-Jell.

J. J. BEARDON.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Land Office at Warsaw, Wis., May 2, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on July 6, 1900, viz: Wm. Kehl, claim, who made H. E. No. 7522, for the SW 1/4 and NE 1/4 Sec. 20, T. 25, N. 25, R. 10, East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his settlement, viz: John J. Lohr, Andrew McNabb, Matt Stapleton, L. C. Miller, all of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

ESMER T. WATERMAN, Register.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Marquette, St. Paul & South St. Marie R'y.

EAST BOUND.

Atlantic Limited.....1:55 a. m. Daily

WEST BOUND.

Pacific Limited.....1:55 a. m. Daily

Accommodation.....7:00 a. m. Daily

See time tables for arrival and departure from C. M. & St. Paul depot in Minneapolis and Union Depot, St. Paul, on and after Nov. 12, 1900.

Close connections for Tomahawk, Eau Claire, Duluth, Marquette, Menominee, Wausau, Stevens Point, Madison, Chicago and beyond and all points on Wisconsin Central R'y.

THOMAS, AGENT.

Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 11—Daily.....1:22 a. m.

No. 17—Arkland Mall and Express.....1:52 p. m.

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No. 17—Arkland Mall and Express.....1:52 p. m.

H. C. BRADLEY, AGENT.

FLAMBEAU LODGE No. 72, K. of P.

Regular communication every Friday, 8 o'clock, at the hall, corner of 1st and 2nd streets.

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HILGERMAN PARK

NOW OPEN.

VISITORS WELCOME.

ADMISSION FREE.

Music Every Sunday, Afternoon and Evening Perfect Order Maintained.

Dance Floor 32x76 ft

KRANTZ & BOLLMAN, Proprietors.

Dance Tickets 25 cts.

L. Tierney, of Tomahawk, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. M. Hutchinson a few weeks, returned home Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Alex. Carlson and daughter, Lydia, start Saturday for Tild River Falls, Minn., where Mr. Carlson is employed as sawyer.

Vina Counter, who has been staying with relatives in Rhinelander the last two months, returned home Thursday.

Elizabeth Boogie and Edna Bohrer spent a few days of last week at Rhinelander, the guests of Mrs. Chas. Jewell.

Mrs. Geo. Counter, of Rhinelander, visited at the home of her sister, Mrs. Warren Yenor, a few days last week.

Mr. Wells, traveling salesman for a Chicago rubber company, transacted business in Woodboro last Monday.

Mr. Lake, of Prentice, is visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. R. Bohrer.

Mrs. Henry Stiles went to Rhinelander last Friday to consult Dr. Welch.

A. Koutz has recently moved into his new home on Marshall avenue.

Mrs. C. Manverson did some shopping in Rhinelander Monday.

John Collins, Soo roadmaster, was in town Tuesday.

Louisa Bruno went to Rhinelander Monday night.

For sale.

Good buggy, first-class condition, for sale cheap. Inquire of B. L. Hoken.

Harness for sale.

Two sets of double harness, one small and one large size, and one single driving harness, all in good condition and as good as new. Will be sold cheap. M. STABLETON, May 31st.

May States—Famous Falls, South Dakota Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for the round trip, from all stations May 7, 8 and 9, limited to May 14, on account of People's Party National Convention. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

5m-Jell.

J. J. BEARDON.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Land Office at Warsaw, Wis., May 2, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on July 6, 1900, viz: Wm. Kehl, claim, who made H. E. No. 7522, for the SW 1/4 and NE 1/4 Sec. 20, T. 25, N. 25, R. 10, East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his settlement, viz: John J. Lohr, Andrew McNabb, Matt Stapleton, L. C. Miller, all of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

ESMER T. WATERMAN, Register.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Marquette, St. Paul & South St. Marie R'y.

EAST BOUND.

Atlantic Limited.....1:55 a. m. Daily

WEST BOUND.

Pacific Limited.....1:55 a. m. Daily

Accommodation.....7:00 a. m. Daily

See time tables for arrival and departure from C. M. & St. Paul depot in Minneapolis and Union Depot, St. Paul, on and after Nov. 12, 1900.

Close connections for Tomahawk, Eau Claire, Duluth, Marquette, Menominee, Wausau, Stevens Point, Madison, Chicago and beyond and all points on Wisconsin Central R'y.

THOMAS, AGENT.

Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 11—Daily.....1:22 a. m.

No. 17—Arkland Mall and Express.....1:52 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 11—Daily.....1:22 a. m.

No. 17—Arkland Mall and Express.....1:52 p. m.

H. C. BRADLEY, AGENT.

FLAMBEAU LODGE No. 72, K. of P.

Regular communication every Friday, 8 o'clock, at the hall, corner of 1st and 2nd streets.

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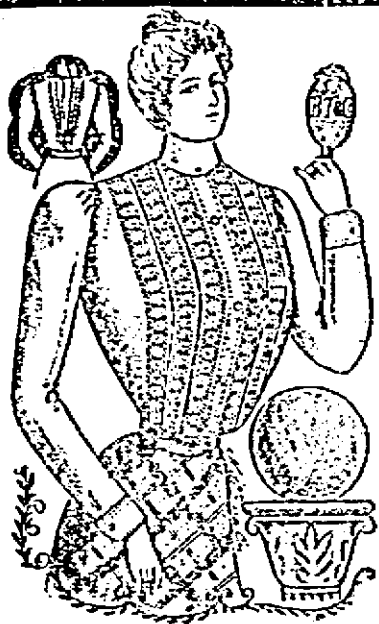
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THE NEW WAIST,
\$1.50

(LIKE CUT)

Never sold for less than \$2.00 and easily worth \$2.25. We will sell a limited number of them for \$1.50 each. They are from a New York manufacturer of fashionable waists. Finish and fit are perfect.

Made (like above cut) of extra fine quality white lawn with six rows of beautiful insertion arranged to form an all over effect. Finished in best possible manner with laundried dress collars and cuffs. Latest style French back with silk tucks and finely finished throughout.

CRUSOE'S

BARGAIN DEPARTMENT STORE.

SHOE BARGAINS FOR MEN.

We have in stock and wish to close out quickly, about forty pairs of men's shoes of A 1 quality but out of style. They are suitable for mill men mechanics and others who do not care to wear a stylish shoe at their work and they are shoes that will stand the racket. The values run from \$3.25 to \$4.50. Your choice of any pair,

\$1.00

WHITE SKIRTS.

We are showing the best and largest line of white skirts we ever carried in stock and at the same low prices that obtained last season.

White corded Pique Skirts, **2.00**

White English Pique Skirts, **2.50**

Banner Brand White Cotton Duck Skirts, **1.25**

Ladies' Sailor Hats white, black and colors, **25c**

Good quality summer corsets, **25c**

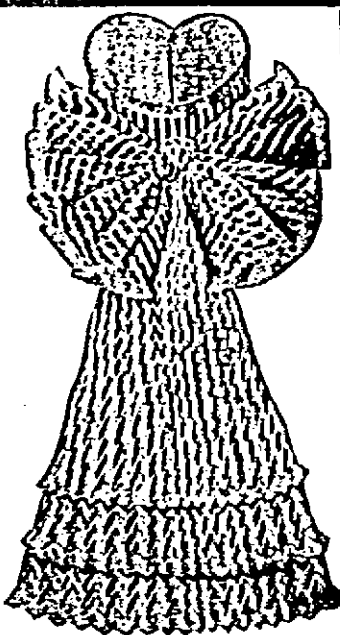
Kabo Best Perfectors **\$1**

Lace Curtains, 21 yds. long, pair **50c**

Japanese fans with colored bamboo handles, **5c**

Ladies' summer vests, no sleeves **8c**

Ladies' tan colored hose—good quality, **10c**



LADIES' FINE NECKWEAR.
We carry a nice line of these goods and show new things every week. Flannel zephyr silk ties like above cut.
\$1.25

Bits of Local Gossip

WANTED: A first-class lady compositor wanted by The New North. Write stating experience and wages wanted.

Mike Holland visited Pratt Junction last Saturday.

FOR SALE: Two book cases for sale. Inquire at this office.

A vote for the lake is a vote for progress and improvement.

Paul Browne left Wednesday for Minneapolis for a short business trip.

F. S. Robbins was a business visitor at Ashland the latter part of last week.

John Oellafsen, a Tomahawk merchant, was in the city the first of the week.

Frank Thulin was down from Arbor Vitae and spent Sunday with old acquaintances.

The board of education meets next Monday evening and the council the following evening.

Ernest Melkjohn, Thomas Wood and Jerome Teal spent Sunday at Tomahawk Lake.

Geo. P. Dean was up from Menico Friday and tarried in the city for a few hours between trains.

About five hundred of our citizens assembled at the fair grounds last Sunday afternoon. This time the attraction was an exhibition of horse training by G. Smith. The gentlemen took three of the wild bronchos bought by Rhinelander parties and showed how easy it is, with proper training, to break them. The attraction was a very interesting one.

S. S. Miller was a visitor at Eagle River last Friday on legal business.

John and Ella Miller were called to Wausau by the death of their grandmother.

Miss Blanche Fuller, of Milwaukee, is in the city, the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Dabak Chase.

Dr. M. J. Lower and J. Quinn, of Antigo, spent Sunday in the city, the guests of J. N. Keeble and family.

J. C. Curran was a business visitor at the metropolis of Marathon county the latter part of last week.

The ladies of the Congregational church will meet with Mrs. Foster, Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 6.

Miss Mattie Peck left Saturday for Appleton and Berlin, expecting to be absent a couple of months.

E. C. Vessey and son Ernie, accompanied by a party of Soo railroad men, spent last Sunday at Tomahawk Lake.

WANTED: A first-class lady compositor. Write or apply to The New North, stating experience and wages wanted.

Dr. W. Towns, the eminent specialist in nervous and chronic disease, will be at the Fuller House again, June 13, 14-25.

J. H. Morgan and family left Friday for Vaucluse's home-stead at Tomahawk Lake, where they will enjoy a week's outing.

Mrs. Peter Bidler returned home Monday after enjoying a two-week's visit with relatives and friends at Waupaca and Green Bay.

Henry Nelson, an employee in M. Marquand's cigar factory, was taken ill last week and for a time feared he was unable to return.

Master Roy Lockwood left Saturday for Lac du Flambeau, where he will spend a portion of his vacation with his grandparents.

Lost—Memorandum book containing accounts of the Rock Valley Dairy. The finder will please leave same at this office and receive reward.

Ed. Horn, who has been attending the Ferris Institute at Big Rapids, Mich., arrived home last Thursday to remain during his vacation.

Mrs. Geo. Dean went to Menico last week to remain a day with her husband, who lately took up the management of the Hotel Northern.

Mike Hughes, census enumerator for the Hardhurst district, was down from Hazelhurst Junction yesterday. Mr. Hughes will begin his official duties in a few days.

The recent rains have greatly improved the logging situation. The water in the "Old Wisconsin" has raised considerable and lumbermen feel much more at ease.

All members of the Rhinelander Liederkreis are invited to attend the meetings every Wednesday evening. It is necessary that cards be presented at the door.

W. D. Melndoe, of Barron, Wis., was in the city the first of the week on route to Antigo to look after the interests of the Fred W. Upham Lumber company.

Messieurs Robert Cook and James Reed, of Ironwood, arrived in the city last Saturday, remaining over Sunday with relatives.

Vote for Rhinelander's advancement. The building of a beautiful lake in the city is an improvement meaning much for the future.

Will Ashton and Bert Martin enjoyed an outing at Deerbrook the latter part of last week. Whipping the streams for trout and a search for game occupied their time.

We are informed by a Menico lady that an American flag was not displayed in any of the towns between Menico and Watersmeet on Memorial Day.

Mrs. Geo. Lynn returned Saturday after an absence of two weeks at Ironwood, Mich., where she was called owing to the severe illness of her daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Casper Faust returned Saturday from New London, where Mr. Faust went to look after his business interests—the electric light plant.

G. W. Purvis returned last Friday morning after an absence of about ten days spent in the southern portion of Ontario, the guest of relatives and friends.

Dr. T. B. Melndoe, E. A. Forbes, J. C. Wixson and Gid Young enjoyed a couple of days fishing the latter part of last week at Kirton, west of here on the Soo road. A good catch was the result of their trip.

The base ball game on Decoration Day between the First and High school nines, resulted in a victory for the first mentioned, the score being 13 to 1.

Two years from now those who hesitate about approving the lake building will call it the best investment the city ever made. Mark this prediction in your memory. It will be verified.

Prof. and Mrs. F. S. Hyer gave a reception at their home last Saturday evening in honor of the Senior class of the High school. A few hours were most enjoyably passed by those present.

Union memorial services were held at the armory last Sunday evening. The sermon was delivered by Rev. M. S. Pettit, pastor of the M. E. church. The attendance was very large. The services were attended by the members of the G. A. R. Post and Co. L.

The Melndoe and Parker building on Davenport street now occupied by Christ, Koepke, is to be vacated the first of next week and will be occupied by A. C. Bitch as a barber shop and by LeGrand & Whelan as an employment agency as soon as repairs can be made in its interior.

Chas. Javauter was in from his home-stead on Lake Thompson yesterday. He stated that workmen were employed on the new road into his place and that it would probably be completed within two weeks or so. The road will shorten the distance to the lake by about a mile and a half. Chas. Cannon has the contract for building it. The roughness of the old road made it practically impossible for teams to get over it. The new order of things will be appreciated by fishermen and others generally.

The members of the Catholic Order of Foresters are making great preparations for their dancing party to be given at the New Grand opera house on the night of June 13. Everybody is welcome to attend. Tickets \$1.

Owing to a lack of time, we are obliged to crowd out an interesting letter from Leslie Leers on the Inter-scholastic meet held at Madison recently. It will find space in our columns next week.

R. R. Harvey, of Hatley, Wis., formerly a filer in the Clayton mill, was a visitor in the city last Saturday and Sunday. Mr. Harvey left here immediately after the destruction of the mill last January.

When an opportunity is presented for a city to add to its wealth, its population its beauty or its fame and the city refuses to improve its opportunity, a long stride backward has been made. Do you want Rhinelander to take such a step?

Win. Clark left yesterday for Besenmer, Mich., to participate in a wrestling match with John Berg, the Swedish wrestler. The bout was pulled off last evening. It was the Grueso-Roman and cut-throat-catch-cum-style.

Don W. H. Flett, of Merrill, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday for the purpose of closing a deal with the C. A. Goodyear Lumber company for the sale of a tract of pine land in Vilas county. The deal was made through E. S. Shepard, the company's hustling agent.

A "Jack the Hagger" is striking terror to the young ladies of Merrill. It is said the old maids there are out in full force on nightly promenade in hopes of meeting the gentleman. He shows good sense and prefers the younger generation.

Two carloads of western bronchos arrived here the latter part of last week and are now in the stock yards near the upper viaduct. This rendezvous for these spirited animals is attracting the attention of many of our people who visit it quite often.

The blank books for the census enumerators for Oneida county arrived last week and everything is in readiness to begin the work tomorrow morning, June 1. The task will end in the cities two weeks later, while in the rural districts the enumerators will complete their labors by the end month.

Mac Douglas has had a busy time this week testing oil, having visited Hazelhurst, Arbor Vitae, Star Lake and Eagle River. He wishes us to call the attention of "Old" Johnson to the fact that he never realized the sublime appearance of a bath-tub until he gazed upon the shining pate of the quill manipulator of the Vilas County News.

A. F. Schliesmann is improving his fifth ward residence property to a considerable extent. The house is being raised about four feet and a stone foundation placed under the same. These, with other minor changes, will greatly improve appearances.

The members of the Rhinelander Liederkreis gave a dancing party at their Brown street hall on Wednesday evening of last week, to which they invited a few friends outside their order. The members expect to give a dance at the armory once a month during the summer.

The fact that last Sunday was a most beautiful day was taken advantage of by a majority of our citizens who hied themselves away to the shady tributary groves, where the day was pleasantly passed and activities of business life and domestic cares were forgotten for a time.

D. K. and M. G. Jeffris, of Janesville, were in the city last Friday, looking after their extensive landed interests. They had just returned from the village of Jeffris, where their mills are located. M. G. Jeffris, the senior member of firm, is one of the leading attorneys in the Power City.

Miss Eva Mason returned home from Jennings last Friday, having finished a very successful term of school there. The members of the school board are very anxious for her return, considering her a competent teacher. We assure the members they are not in the least mistaken.

Arthur Taylor said to-day that the summer resort people of surrounding towns hoped to see the lake plan here fail to-morrow. Of course they do. It would bring hundreds of summer tourists to the city every season. The people of towns which live from summer tourists money would likely hope that the building of an elegant and costly hotel on the bank of that new lake would also be discouraged by Rhinelander people.

Mrs. J. C. Spencer and daughter, Mrs. Richard Koebke, of Antigo, were in the city over Thursday night on their way home from Rice Lake, where they had been the guest of friends for several days. While here they were guests at the Rapids House.

J. H. Morgan and family are enjoying an outing at Tomahawk Lake, where they have had phenomenal luck fishing. They are entertaining members of the Crosby family, of Ironwood, Mr. Crosby being the representative there for the Armour Packing company.

We have it on reliable authority that a gigantic land company will soon be incorporated, consisting mostly of Oneida county land owners. The lands the company will place on the market are located in Oneida, Lincoln and Forest counties. We are requested not to say at present who the incorporators will be.

County Superintendent F. M. Mason was a visitor at Pelican Lake the latter part of last week. Mr. Mason informs us that summer tourists are arriving there by the score. The summer cottages are all occupied at this early day and several guests are now at the hotel. There are new arrivals nearly every day.

Geo. Porter, a member of Hose Co. No. 2, met with an injury last Friday afternoon while on his way to the fire in the Stevens lumber yard. He attempted to jump off the hose wagon and in so doing slipped and fell. He sustained injuries in both legs, one being cut to that extent that Dr. Packard found it necessary to take several stitches to close the wound.

Twenty-two arrests were made at Wausau in one day last week for violating the city ordinance prohibiting the riding of bicycles on the sidewalks. The transgressors appeared in municipal court the next morning. Twenty out of the number pleaded guilty and were fined \$2 each. We merely print this bit of news to guard local cyclists against what might happen in Rhinelander.

A meeting of the Fish and Game Preserve club committee, appointed by President Bradley at the last meeting of the board of directors of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association, has been called to meet at the Mitchell in Tomahawk at 12:30 p.m., Tuesday, June 12. All members of the association are urgently requested to be present, as business of importance is to be transacted.

One of Rhinelander's charming young ladies took an involuntary plunge bath Sunday in the placid waters of Lake Julia. She did not have on a bathing suit, but took a tender, hat, parasol and all into ten feet of water, all because of the boat sliding out from in under her while she was standing on its bow. It is

said that the other occupants of the boat, two young men and a girl, took turns wringing out the garments while the young Miss of divine qualifications sojourned in a nearby farm house. We won't mention names.

A number of improvements are being made in the tonorial parlors of H. L. Jewett, in the First National bank building. "Hank" proposes to have the best or nothing. The wood work has been repainted and at present paper hangings are at work. The change is a decided improvement, though the place always possessed an air of neatness.

As stated last week, the graduating exercises of the Rhinelander High school will be held at the Grand opera house tomorrow evening, commencing promptly at 8 o'clock. The capacity of the opera house will no doubt be taxed to its utmost. It should be, as a means of appreciation of the good work accomplished. The price of admission is 20 cents. On Monday evening, the juniors will give a dance at the New Grand opera house in honor of the class of 1900. One hundred and sixty invitations have been issued.

In the course of a few months the Crusoe Bargain department store will be moved into the building owned by T. B. Melndoe, A. D. Daniels and F. E. Parker, next to J. J. Beardon's drug store. The building has been leased for a term of five years. They expect to take possession about the first of September. During the meantime the building will be thoroughly remodeled, giving the occupants two floors and a basement, with a frontage on Brown and Davenport streets. The postoffice is to be moved, but whether it goes is not known.

Headquarters

—FOR—

**RUGS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTH,
LINOLEUM, CARPET PAPER
JAPANESE MATTINGS,
LACE CURTAINS, &c.**

We carry a large stock of the above. If you need a new Carpet we can measure your room, cut and match the carpet, have it sewed and deliver same to your house the day the order is given us.

OUR PRICES

Are the **LOWEST** in the country for the same quality of Goods.

We do not have to add 10 per cent. to the retail price of our goods so as to give 10 per cent. off in order to sell them. Remember that we have the swellest line of ladies' Shirt Waists in the city.

C. M. & W. W. FENELON,

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

**FRED. MILLER'S
FAMOUS BOTTLED**

BEER

EXTRA PALE. TRY IT.

—at the—
**KENTUCKY
LIQUOR STORE**

PINTS AND QUARTS,
10 and 20c.

BICYCLES!

If you are in search of a good, durable and moderate priced wheel, call and examine our new and elaborate display of

CRESCENT
Chain and Chainless Bikes.

There is No Better Wheel on the Market.

We also invite you to call and inspect our new and nobby line of

CUTLERY.

LEWIS HDW. CO.

Merchants State Bank Building, RHINELANDER, WIS.

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.
RHINELANDER, - WISCONSIN.

Lida Williams, colored, died near Louisville, Ala., recently at the age of 122 years. She was born in Virginia and claimed to have seen Washington several times. She lived to see five generations of her own. Her youngest son, who is 56 years old, bought the coffin and shroud.

A lady named Alexander has been appointed and confirmed postmaster of Elizabethton, Carter county, Tenn. The word "postmaster" is used advisedly, for the government does not officially recognize such a title as postmistress. Miss Alexander bears the curious Christian name of Senorita.

The thousands of pilgrims who annually make their way from Nashville, Tenn., to the Hermitage, where Andrew Jackson and his wife sleep, will soon have railroad accommodations for their benefit. The number of visitors to the Hermitage has increased to such proportion that a spur railroad has become a necessity.

One of the most unique laws ever passed will shortly go into effect in Winchester, Va. The city council of that place passed a law requesting every citizen to pour kerosene oil on every open pool and that every open rain barrel shall have the spigot at the bottom. The town is infested with mosquitoes, and the law was passed in order to make the place an attractive resort for summer boarders.

F. M. Spaw, aged 19, a school teacher at Alto Pass, Ill., has exploded all psychological theories regarding the capacity of the human stomach by eating and drinking in one evening in addition to his regular supper one can of tomatoes, one can of peas, one can of sardines, seven glasses of soda water and two quart bottles of temperance drinks. This is only one of many like achievements by which he has astonished his acquaintances.

Czar Nicholas II. has presented to the French government a mosaic map of France in precious stones which will be exhibited at the Paris exhibition. The map is one meter square and is framed in slate-colored Jasper. The sea is represented in light gray marble, the departments in Jasper of various colors and the rivers in platinum. The names are inlaid in gold and 195 towns are marked by gems, Paris being represented by a diamond.

George Foster Robinson, who saved the life of Secretary of State Seward when Lewis Payne, a member of the Booth gang, attempted to assassinate him at the same time that Booth shot Lincoln, is still living in Pomona, Cal. He was serving as a guard in the sick chamber of Seward when Payne, who had overpowered Seward's son, broke into the room. He received the thanks of congress and was promoted from the rank of private to that of major.

A cloud of bugs was recently responsible for the calling out of the Trenton fire department. The bugs were gathered around the steeple of the Fourth Presbyterian church in such numbers and at such a distance from the ground that a passer-by mistook them for smoke and sent in an alarm. When the fire department arrived on the scene Chief Allen, with the aid of a field glass, discovered the mistake, and the fire companies returned to their houses.

Today the south produces on an average of 10,000,000 to 11,000,000 bales of cotton, representing, including the cottonseed, a valuation of from \$250,000,000 to \$300,000,000. This enormous crop is produced on 5 per cent. of the total area of the cotton region. Of the entire cotton-growing territory of the south, only 20 per cent. is now in improved land. It is possible, with new land added to the cotton-growing area and with more scientific cultivation, to increase our cotton production to 100,000,000 bales.

The eyes of the world are turned to the Paris exposition as the great civic event of the closing century. Its progress thus far has justified the prophecy that it will be visited by seventy millions of people, representing all the nations of the earth, during the summer months. Its industrial and art exhibits, its architecture and its beauty, make it easily the first in rank of all the expositions thus far held. It is gratifying to know that the American people, aside from France, occupy the largest space.

Senator Hoar is one of the wildest as well as one of the most learned men in public life and an inveterate punster. Not long ago he was joined in the corridor of the capitol by a former colleague in the senate, and as they approached the entrance to the senate chamber Mr. Hoar motioned his companion to pass in first. "After you," said the ex-senator, drawing back. "No, indeed," retorted Senator Hoar; "the Xs always go before the Ys."

Work of the Chicago city directory enumerator for 1900 shows the population of Chicago is not less than 2,000,000. The directory estimate is so conservative that the national census, which commences June 1 and ends June 15, will probably show a higher figure than this by some 200,000. The increase in population between 1890 and 1900 has been practically 1,000,000, a total not surpassed by any city in the country, except New York, and her extraordinary gains were made through annexation of neighboring territory.

MAKES REPORT ON LABOR

Industrial Commission Makes Recommendations Regarding Legislation to Congress.

FAVORS UNIFORMITY OF LAWS IN STATES

Thinks Employment of Children Under 14 in Factories Should Be Prohibited—Favors Eight-Hour Day—Question of Injunctions Considered—Minority Report Submitted.

Washington, May 26.—The industrial commission, in its report to congress on labor legislation, recommends improved legislation to the state legislatures rather than to congress directly.

"The subject of greatest public interest today," says the report, "is perhaps that of the regulation of the hours of labor permitted in industrial occupations and especially in factories."

As congress has no power to legislate directly in this matter the committee recommends that a simple statute be enacted by all the states regulating the length of the working day for all persons between the ages of 14 and 21 years who work in factories.

The report in brief says: "The employment of children below the age of 14 in a factory is a subject of public interest. The length of the working day in all public employment should be fixed at eight hours. The same time should be fixed for workmen in underground mines except in cases of emergency. Employment of children less than 14 years of age, and all women and girls should be forbidden. Congress might well enact that no person under 14 should be employed as a telegraph operator upon railroads, and that all employees and switchmen should submit to an examination for color blindness, also that it be made a misdemeanor for one who is a switchman to be intoxicated while on duty. A simple and liberal law regulating the payment of labor should be adopted by all the states, providing that all laborers shall be paid in cash every week without discount, and in good and lawful money, and that no employer or agent should be used to make them purchase goods at any particular store."

Question of Injunctions.—"The question of the enforcement of the labor contract by injunction or contempt in equity process is a very difficult one, mainly made so by the abuses which have arisen from injunctions. It is suggested that it might be well to limit the power of the courts to issue injunctions for a brief period, but equity courts must not be deprived of the power to protect themselves and to make their decrees respected. The practice of awarding damages against employers for the enforcement of injunctions against labor is also suggested, as well as the practice of indirectly enforcing the contract for personal service by compelling employers from quitting work, should be discouraged not only by popular sentiment, but by intelligent judicial opinion."

On the subject of railway labor, the commission is of opinion that congress should adopt a consistent code of law regulating all matters concerning employment, such as hours of labor, limitation of continuous runs by engineers or continuous service by telegraph operators or switchmen; the enactment of a consistent employers' liability, its collection, the liability of employer or contractor for defective appliances, etc. The statutes already adopted in the several states, discriminating as between union and non-union labor by making it a penal offense for an employer to exclude union labor only, seem to the commission to be unconstitutional, being in violation of the statute should apply to non-union as well as union labor alike, if it is to be enacted at all. The right to be employed and protected without belonging to a union should be preserved, but every facility should be given to the organization of labor, and the best vestige of the notion that trade unions are a criminal conspiracy should be swept away. The use of private police detectives or other kind of bodies of men to be used in connection with labor troubles has aroused much public attention, and congress probably has the power to enact reasonable legislation to prevent abuses in this direction.

Conciliation Laws.—In a general way the commission reports that conciliation laws have been found effective, but that strict arbitration machinery rarely works well. It is recommended that labor bureaus or commissions be established in all the states.

Minority Report.—Commissioners E. A. Smith and C. J. Harris, in a minority report, in which they express the opinion that it would be both unjust and impracticable to attempt any uniform laws regulating labor in all the states, if labor and capital are to have their full development. They pay the right of private contract should be allowed to laborer and employer, and therefore the limitation of hours of labor would be fraught with danger.

Commissioner John W. Daniel in a separate report concurs in the spirit of the views expressed by Commissioners Smith and Harris.

Given a Life Sentence.—Welland, Ont., May 26.—Karl Dullman, residence unknown; John Walsh and John Nolin, of Dublin, Ireland, but latterly of Washington, D. C., and Richmond, Va., were on Friday convicted by Chancellor Boyd and a jury of having attempted to wreck Lock 21 of the Welland canal with dynamite and sentenced to imprisonment for life in Kingston penitentiary.

Heavy Failure.—New York, May 26.—Price, McCormick & Co., one of the largest brokerage houses in the city, have failed, with liabilities estimated at \$13,000,000. The firm is a member of the stock, cotton and produce exchanges and of the Chicago stock exchange, and has branch offices in about 20 cities throughout the United States.

Party Lives Lost.—London, May 26.—A dispatch to the Daily Express from Georgetown, British Guiana, says that a steamer with three convicts has been carried over a cataraict in the Potara river, British Guiana, 40 lives being lost.

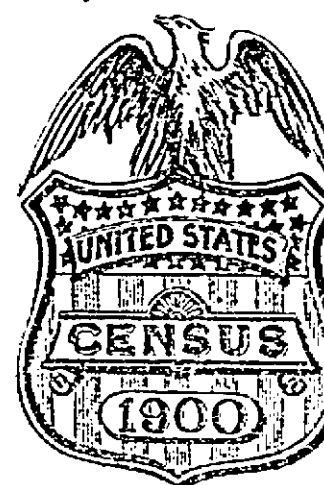
Corn for India.—Tropka, Kan., May 26.—A gayly decorated train of 21 cars left here over the Rock Island road at noon Thursday, carrying 21,000 bushels of corn to the famine sufferers of India.

Old Settler Dead.—Sioux City, Ia., May 26.—Sioux City's first white settler, Joseph Leonaie, a French-Canadian, died Friday, aged 81. He came to this section in 1822.

CENSUS TAKER'S BADGE.

No Person Not Wearing One Is Entitled to Pay Into the Hands of American Citizens.

Washington, May 25.—On June 1 the census enumerators appointed in all parts of the United States will begin their work. Citizens who have any doubt concerning the identity of these officials are entitled to see their badges, which are of silver, just like that shown in the illustration. This confers upon the enumerator all the



CENSUS ENUMERATOR'S BADGE.

powers of an officer of the United States government, and as such he is entitled to all due respect. When his labors are over Uncle Sam generously is going to allow him to keep the emblem of his authority as a souvenir.

WILL FIGHT TO THE END.

Transvaal Government Will Never Surrender to the British—Lord Roberts Strenuously Advancing.

London, May 25.—The Transvaal government announces its intention of fighting to the last, and foreign consuls at Johannesburg have been notified that the city will be defended. British mounted infantry were ambushed near Vryheid, and Col. Methuen reported a loss of 66 men.

London, May 25.—Lord Roberts with the main portion of the British army is once more advancing toward Pretoria, where the Boers are preparing for strong resistance. Definite dispatches make it clear that the Vaal river has not yet been crossed by the British troops.

London, May 25.—Floods in the Rhine river blocked the progress of the British army. Roberts' front is 50 miles in length; the Boers hide their plans for the future, but President Kruger has issued a proclamation saying he will defend Johannesburg and calling upon all the Boers to fight to the bitter end.

London, May 26.—Reports from the seat of war indicate the rapid, unchecked advance of the British army, and growing demoralization of the Boers. The war in the Free State is considered practically over.

THE MOTHERS' CONGRESS.

Final Adjournment Is Reached at Des Moines—Name of the Resolutions Adopted.

Des Moines, Ia., May 26.—The National Mothers' congress adjourned Friday evening to meet next year at some point to be determined by the board of managers, probably Milwaukee, Wis., or Buffalo, N. Y. The delegates say it has been the most successful meeting in the history of the organization. Resolutions were adopted Friday morning endorsing the movement for the establishment of kindergartens for the colored people, declaring for a broader education for the deaf, dumb and blind children of the nation, demanding better laws for the protection of neglected, dependent children, and denouncing the character of much of the advertising matter which appears in newspapers.

"Boys" Destroy Villages.

London, May 26.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says officers from Szechuan, province of Hu Pei, report that "boys" have destroyed two villages and massacred many converts of the French missionary stations. The general commanding at Shi Nan Fu, it is added, sent a regiment to the scene of the disturbances. The soldiers were ambushed by the malcontents and lost 25 men killed. Reinforcements have been dispatched from Ichang.

A Splendid Gift.

New York, May 26.—At a meeting of the trustees of the Protestant Episcopal Cathedral of St. John the Divine it was announced that a gift of between \$150,000 and \$200,000 had been made by August Belmont to build one of the seven chapels that will go to make up the cathedral. Mr. Belmont's gift is in memory of his wife.

Must Not Use Tobacco.

Atlantic City, N. J., May 25.—The principal features of Thursday's session of the quadrennial conference of the Methodist Protestant general conference was the adoption by a two-thirds vote of an amendment to the church discipline requiring all candidates for the ministry to forewear the use of tobacco in any form.

Named for Governor.

Raleigh, N. C., May 26.—Prohibitionists of the state held a conference here and decided to make a determined fight against the state liquor traffic. Henry Sheets, of Lexington, was nominated for governor.

Turkey Started.

Constantinople, May 26.—The United States legation has started Turkey with a new demand for immediate payment of the indemnity claims. A crisis is believed to be at hand.

SOLE HOPE OF FILIPINOS.

Gen. Schwan Says They Rely Upon Rainy Season for Revival of the Insurrection.

COMPLETE REVIEW OF STATE OF AFFAIRS

American Troops in Pursuit of Aguinaldo—Follow a Trail Through the Mountains of Luzon—Daughter of the President of San Mateo Rescued.

Washington, May 21.—The war department has received an interesting report from Brig. Gen. Theodore Schwan, U. S. A., dated on the transport Thomas at sea, May 12, 1900, in which he submits a thorough review of the state of affairs in the Philippines up to the time of his departure from Manila April 16 last, making particular reference to what he believes to be the irretrievable collapse of the Filipino insurrection as a whole, and expressing the conviction that, if left alone, the Filipinos would soon demonstrate their absolute inability to govern themselves. He says:

"The principal islands are now, as before, held with an iron grip by the military. In Luzon all the interior, as well as all the coast towns of importance, are occupied by American troops."

"The sole hope entertained by the insurgents for a revival of the insurrection lies in the supposition that the United States troops will be obliged to abandon many of their present positions at the opening of the wet season, owing to inability to secure supplies during that period."

"With the exception of the savage mountain tribes and the numerous bands of brigands the great majority of both the educated and peasant classes in the Philippines heartily desire a restoration of peace and order under American rule. The cooperation of troops and the participation of the towns not yet subdued will be carried on regardless of the rainy season."

"The most serious obstacle in the way of the complete pacification of the island lies in the mutual distrust between the troops and the inhabitants. This distrust will disappear after each class becomes more thoroughly acquainted with the other and the benefits to be derived from an intimate relationship with the military become appreciated by the natives. On the other hand, the work must be done by the troops will be greatly facilitated when they gain the confidence of the well-disposed natives. When the latter and the troops have come to stay they undoubtedly will resist the exactions of the robber bands and turn about and assist the American troops in getting out of their hands and arms, and the days of this guerrilla rebellion will be numbered."

The Summer at Manila.

Washington, May 21.—The adjutant general received a cablegram from Gen. MacArthur announcing the arrival at Manila of the transport Summer, 53 days out from New York. The Summer carried over 1,000 recruits and a large number of officers, including Col. Wirt Davis, Eighth cavalry. The recruits will be utilized in filling regiments of regulars which are below the limit on account of deaths and discharges.

Paroling Aguinaldo.

Manila, May 26.—Maj. Peyton C. March, with a battalion of the Thirty-third infantry, and Col. Luther R. Hale, with another part of the Thirty-third regiment, while scouring the country northeast of Benguet, report that they have struck the trail of a party of Filipinos, traveling in the mountains, and believe they are escorting Aguinaldo. Maj. March is continuing the pursuit across an exceedingly difficult country, beyond the telegraph lines.

President's Daughter Rescued.

Sergeant Barry and four privates of company B, of the Twenty-seventh regiment, have rescued the daughter of the president of San Mateo from some ladrones who abducted her. Afterward 12 ladrones ambushed them, killing the sergeant. Three privates stood off the band, while the other secured reinforcements. Seven ladrones were killed.

Visit the President.

Washington, May 21.—President McKinley told the four peace commissioners when they called upon him yesterday that he was unable to aid the South African republics; that he had offered the services of the United States for mediation and that they had been refused by Great Britain. The envoys intimated that they were glad to feel they had friends in this country, and then bade the president good-by.

Forest Fires.

Menominee, Mich., May 26.—Forest fires are raging in Ingallito township, this county. Seven sections of land owned by James B. Goodman & Co., of Chicago, have been burned over, and the flames are still spreading. The fire covers an area of nine miles. Unless rain falls soon the damage to timber will be great.

Murder Suspected.

Ishpeming, Mich., May 26.—The body of an unknown man was found Thursday night three miles from Ishpeming on the road leading to Dexter mine. Indications point to a murder. The skull is fractured, face battered and clothing torn. The man was lame and blind in one eye.

Baptists in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., May 26.—The sixty-first annual meeting of the American Baptist Mission society was held here yesterday in connection with the annual anniversary.

Will Visit Cities.

Washington, May 26.—The Boer envoys have decided to visit ten or twelve principal cities of the United States in the interests of their cause.

Thirty Men Killed.

Cummock, N. C., May 21.—Thirty men were killed by an explosion in the coal mines here.

A DAY IN OLD VIRGINIA.

President, Cabinet and Army Officers Take Part in Memorial Services at Fredericksburg.

Fredericksburg, Va., May 26.—On the very ground over which the old Fifth corps charged at Fredericksburg President McKinley, his cabinet and Gen. Miles on Friday witnessed the laying of the corner stone in a shaft which will perpetuate in bronze and granite the heroism of the army of the Potomac. It was an impressive ceremony and rendered the more so by the fact that among the hundreds who witnessed the event were noted leaders of both the federal and the confederate forces. The monument was the personal gift of Gen. Daniel Butterfield to the National Memorial association. This in itself was a unique feature, as the battlefield monuments heretofore have been mostly the gifts of corporate societies or furnished by popular subscription. Gen. Butterfield himself was present and assisted in the ceremony, but owing to ill health the committal of the monument to the secretary of war was made by Col. Hill, one of the veterans of the Fifth corps. The ceremony was with due masonic rites and at its completion the secretary of war accepted the gift in the name of the American people.

The visit of the president to Fredericksburg was primarily in honor of the annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac. The town was in gala dress and turned out en masse to receive its distinguished visitors. The president and his cabinet were welcomed at the courthouse, which was decorated with the national colors and the various corps flags of the Army of the Potomac. Welcoming speeches were made by prominent veterans from both sides of the civil war, and afterward the president held an informal reception at the home of St. George R. Fitzhugh, where he was welcomed by hundreds of the town folk, both white and colored.

MORE RIOTING.

Many Persons Hurt in the Struggle in St. Louis Between Railway Employees and Employers.

St. Louis, May 25.—There were several disturbances yesterday caused by attacks of union sympathizers or the nonunion-minded cars, and Benjamin Kilgore, a nonunion man, was probably fatally shot.

St. Louis, May 24.—Police Officer Ray was shot and killed by riotous street railway strikers yesterday.

St. Louis, May 25.—Rioting was general on the Transit company's street railway lines yesterday. One man was fatally shot, and Gov. Stephens has threatened to call out the militia unless the police suppress disorder.

St. Louis, May 26.—A policeman was shot while defending a street car from attack yesterday and an attempt was made to blow up a car.

THE METHODISTS.

Elect Bishops at the General Conference in Chicago and Remove Time Limit for Ministers.

Chicago, May 22.—The Methodist general conference yesterday voted in favor of admitting women as delegates and David H. Moore and John W. Hamilton were elected bishops.

Chicago, May 23.—Hereafter pastors of Methodist churches will be allowed to remain in their charges for any number of years, or as long as the members of congregations want to keep them. It was so decided by a roll call vote at the general conference yesterday.

Chicago, May 26.—The Methodist general conference committee favors rescinding of the penalty clause in the paragraph concerning dancing, card playing and theater going. This would put into the form of advice what is now a rule.

Against the Negro.

Richmond, Va., May 26.—Enough returns have been received from Thursday's election to show that the state has gone for a revision of the constitution by from 10,000 to 15,000. After the returns are inspected the governor may call an extra session of the legislature to provide for a convention. Almost the entire object of revision is the disfranchisement of the negro, and almost all the counties having a negro majority went against it. The vote cast was the lightest in years.

Valuable Gems Stolen.

Denver, Col., May 26.—The apartments of Mrs. F. M. Boer, wife of a well-known physician at 1232 Court place, were entered by a burglar Friday and diamonds and other jewelry valued at \$7,000 were stolen. Roy Brock, a young man living in the house, has been arrested on suspicion, but none of the stolen articles have been recovered.

Creed Healed.

St. Louis, May 24.—The Presbyterian general assembly yesterday in St. Louis decided to appoint a committee of 15 to inquire of the presbyteries their views as to the revision of the confession of faith and report at the assembly next year.

Illinois Taxes.

Springfield, Ill., May 26.—A compilation of all taxes charged against the assessment of 1899 in Illinois shows a total of \$19,250,127 45, of which Cook county is charged \$24,522,117 55. Cook county pays two-fifths of the state tax.

Big Check from Astor.

London, May 26.—William Waldorf Astor has sent a check for \$10,000 to the Maidenhead Cottage hospital in celebration of the coming of age of his eldest son.

WORK DONE IN CONGRESS.

Measures of Importance Passed and Others Are Discussed by the National Assembly.

SUMMARY OF THE DAILY PROCEEDINGS.

Senate Passes the Post Office Appropriation Bill and Approves Conference Reports—The House Adopts a Resolution for Final Adjournment on June 6.

Washington, May 22.—President McKinley sent to the senate yesterday correspondence showing that Gen. Otis did not refuse to accept proposals for peace from Aguinaldo. The post office appropriation bill and a bill to create the southern division of the southern district of Iowa for judicial purposes were passed. A resolution extending to the Boer envoys privileges of the floor was laid on the table by a vote of 56 to 21.

Washington, May 23.—In the senate yesterday Senator Spooner (Wis.) spoke in favor of his bill providing that upon suppression of the insurrection the government of the Philippines shall devolve upon the president until such time as congress shall direct. The credentials of W. A. Clark, of Montana, were presented and laid on the table.

Washington, May 24.—A resolution to investigate affairs in Cuba was discussed in the senate yesterday, but no action was taken. The Philippine bill was taken up and an amendment offered granting to the residents of the islands all privileges extended by the constitution.

Washington, May 25.—The time in the senate yesterday was devoted to debate on the nation's duty toward its new island possessions. Messrs. Spooner, Allen and Bacon leading in the discussion.

Washington, May 26.—In the senate yesterday the credentials of Martin Maginnis as senator from Montana were presented and tabled. The Philippine bill was further discussed and the sundry civil appropriation bill, which carries \$65,812,900, was considered.

House.

Washington, May 22.—Bills were passed in the house yesterday to extend the eight-hour law to all laborers employed on government work; to make convict-made goods subject to laws of the state to which shipped, and to admit the publications of state agricultural departments to the mails as second class matter.

Washington, May 23.—The house devoted the entire time yesterday to the Alaskan civil government bill.

Washington, May 24.—In the house yesterday a resolution for final adjournment on June 6 was adopted. The situation in Cuba was discussed and a bill passed for the extradition of Charles F. W. Neely, charged with fraud. The anti-convict bill was favorably reported.

Washington, May 25.—The Alaska civil government bill was further considered in the house yesterday and the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was adopted.

Washington, May 26.—In the house yesterday the Alaskan civil government bill was further discussed and private pension bills were passed.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Tables Showing the Standing of the Clubs of Leading Organizations Up to Date.

The standing of the leading baseball clubs is shown in the following tables.

National League.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	18	9	.667
Brooklyn	17	11	.607
Chicago	16	12	.571
St. Louis	15	13	.538
Pittsburgh	14	14	.500
Cincinnati	13	15	.464
New York	12	16	.431
Boston	11	17	.393

American League.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Indianapolis	17	8	.680
Milwaukee	16	12	.571
Chicago	15	13	.538
Cleveland	14	14	.500
Pittsburgh	13	15	.464
Kansas City	12	16	.431
Buffalo	11	17	.393
St. Paul	10	18	.357

How Bank Vault Open.

Winona, Minn., May 26.—The vault of the Bank of Dexter, an adjacent town, was blown open by burglars and \$120,000 taken, \$400 of which was in silver. Robbery was not discovered until morning, and the burglars made good their escape.

Given Twelve-Year Sentence.

Baltimore, Md., May 26.—Charles Piepkorn, a Union (Ill.) saloon keeper, was convicted of murder in the second degree for killing Katie O'Neill, an inmate of a disreputable house in this city, and sentenced to 12 years' imprisonment.

Bank Robbed.

Richmond, Va., May 25.—The Peninsula bank, at Williamsburg, was entered by robbers early Thursday morning, the safe blown open and about \$10,000 in money taken. There is no clew to the robbers.

Five Men Killed.

Covington, Tenn., May 25.—Thursday, ten miles west of here, a boiler at McFerrin's sawmill exploded, killing five men and completely wrecking the plant.

New Associated Press.

Afanny, N. Y., May 24.—A new Associated Press has been chartered in this city. Its operations to cover the entire country.

At Philadelphia in 1901.

St. Louis, May 26.—Philadelphia was selected as the meeting place of the Presbyterian general assembly in 1901.

WHIP AND PILLORY.

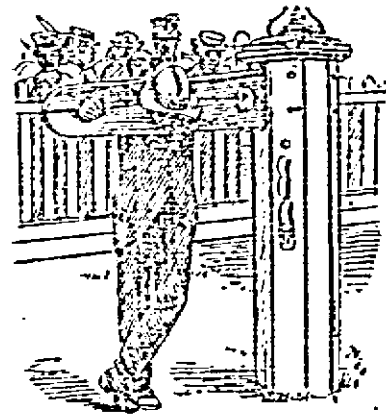
How They Are Applied by the Sheriff in Dover, Del.

Antiquated Modes of Punishment for Petty Larceny, Wife-Beating, Etc. Are Still Quite Popular in the Little State.

The recent whippings at the Delaware whipping post, at Dover, of criminals who have been indicted and found guilty by the court of petty larceny and other crimes where the post and pillory are the penalty, have created a little interest and talk. The efficiency of this mode of punishment for criminals has been discussed perhaps more than ever in the last few years, owing to the fact that there has been an effort made to have both post and pillory abolished from the statute books of Delaware, on the ground that they are a most barbarous and inhuman method of punishment of criminals; also because Delaware is the only state in the union which still holds to these relics of olden times.

Much can be said, however, in favor of the whipping post and pillory in Delaware. While not an absolute preventive of petty larceny, yet their success in this direction is appreciated by the law-abiding citizens of the state, for the reason that seldom does a criminal, sentenced by the court for the larceny of chickens or anything else in that line to suffer 10, 15 or 20 lashes at the post before a crowd of several hundred people, come back for the second dose.

While undergoing the punishment of the pillory the victim is almost perfectly motionless, hardly being able to move his head or hands. In some instances, however, where the neck of the prisoner is small, he can move it enough to keep him from getting



THE PILLORY AT DOVER.
(A Form of Punishment Obtaining Only in Little Delaware.)

the cramp in it, as is often the case. There have been cases where a prisoner has choked tobacco during the whole time of his incarceration, which is never less than one hour, and in aggravated cases sometimes is two hours. While in the pillory the prisoner is allowed to wear his coat and hat, which serves to lessen his shame to the eyes of the gazing public, who generally flock around the prisoner as soon as he is placed therein.

If the pillory were the only punishment inflicted upon the violators of the law at each session of the courts, little if any objection would be offered, as this part of the infliction is nothing compared to the whipping which immediately follows. The prisoner in this case is stripped of his shirt and coat, and, with his back exposed, his hands in iron cuffs, fastened with spikes, he leans forward hugging the post, as it were, while the sheriff applies the lash. The mark of the rawhide is plainly left on the culprit's back, who endeavors to bear up under it, but coming as it does in rapid succession and almost in the same spot, invariably he squirms and twists, as if to stay off the effects of it. When the last lash has been laid on by the sheriff the victim at the post gives a sigh of relief, as if a load had been lifted from his heart and mind. For cases of minor larceny the sentence of the court is not over 10 or 15; occasionally, however, when an old offender is arraigned before the court, he gets 20 or sometimes 30. The highest number ever given in Delaware was 60 lashes, but they were laid on lightly by the sheriff then in office. The order of the court used to be that a man should be whipped according to the gravity of his crime, to be either "well laid on" or "laid on light." This, however, is not observed here any more, but the sheriff uses his discretion in the applying of the lash, according to the enormity of the crime.

Rest for the Congregation.

One of the strange infidelities which are sometimes found on grave-stones in ancient churchyards seems to have been perpetrated in the inscription on the tablet erected in memory of the late Rev. Dr. John Hall, which has been placed in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church in New York. After giving the name and mortuary record of Dr. Hall, the inscription says:

For Forty-nine Years
A Presbyterian Minister,
Pastor of this Church
From Nov. 2, 1837, to Sept. 12, 1887.
There Remained, Therefore, a Rest to the People of God.

If Dr. Hall could read it, he would not feel flattered. No man who had preached 49 years would like to have it said that the people enjoyed a rest after his departure to the skies.

Can't Set Type at Night.

La Froude, the woman's paper of Paris, on which all the work is done by women, has met a check in the law, which does not permit women to set type at night.

NEGRO LAD'S INVENTION.

Eugene Burkin, of Chicago, Constructs a Rapid-Fire Machine Gun of Great Power.

Eugene Burkin, a colored boy of 19 years, who lives over on Chicago's great West side, is the inventor of a rapid-fire machine gun which he claims is the most effective weapon of its kind in the world, and is destined to throw the invention of Maxim and Nordenfeldt, now in general use in the armaments of the world, into the scrap heap. Several experts who have seen the model of Burkin's gun pronounce it a marvel of ingenuity.



HARD AT WORK.
(Eugene Burkin and His Model of a Rapid-Fire Gun.)

and a terrible weapon. The boy is said to have refused an offer of \$50,000 for his invention through motives of patriotism, he being desirous that the United States government should have the first opportunity to test and purchase the weapon.

Burkin is a source of pride to the colored population of Chicago, who are jubilant that one of their race should develop the creative power. The boy has never had any mechanical training, yet all the work on his model has been his own. The first idea of the weapon came to him during the Spanish-American war, when the magnificent work of the American gunners directed his thoughts to guns and their improvement. He constructed his first model of wood, his only tool being a jack-knife.

The lack of funds then threatened to put a stop to the young inventor's work, but he finally obtained enough money to go into an iron works on the West side, which gave him the use of its tools and machinery for five dollars a day. Here he constructed the model, which he sent to the patent office at Washington, which has already allowed 17 of his claims on the weapon. Prominent men of the colored race are using their influence to induce the war department at Washington to conduct a series of tests with the gun. It has been christened the "Maine."

HON. MARTIN MAGINNIS.

Appointed Senator from Montana to Fill the Vacancy Left by W. A. Clark's Resignation.

Martin Maginnis, who has just been appointed United States senator from Montana to fill the vacancy left by the resignation of W. A. Clark, is well known in Washington, where he served six terms as representative from Montana when that state was a territory. Mr. Maginnis is a journalist of note and a prominent citizen of Helena, Mont., where he has lived ever since the



MARTIN MAGINNIS.
(Appointed United States Senator by the Governor of Montana.)

close of the civil war. While he was yet a child he went to Minnesota with his parents from his native state of New York. He was so impatient to become an editor that he abandoned his studies in Hamilton college to take charge of a newspaper, but left his editorial chair in turn to enlist in the volunteer infantry in 1861. He proved himself a gallant soldier, for he rose from the rank of private to that of major in three years. He fought in all the battles of the army of the Potomac, from which he was transferred in 1863 to the army of the Cumberland. He is very popular in Montana, and has large mining interests in that state.

New Lens for the Camera.

The Bank of France has an ingenious arrangement by which suspicious visitors can be photographed without their knowledge. Behind the desk of the cashier is a hidden photographic studio, and at a signal from any of the employees of the bank a picture of the suspected customer is instantly taken. The camera is also useful for detecting frauds, an erasure on a check, which may not be visible to the eye, being clearly perceptible in a photograph.

Here is a Peculiar Case.

A young French peasant, seeing his child thrown from a mule, received such a shock that he became bald within eight days. After a time the hair began to grow again, but it was white.

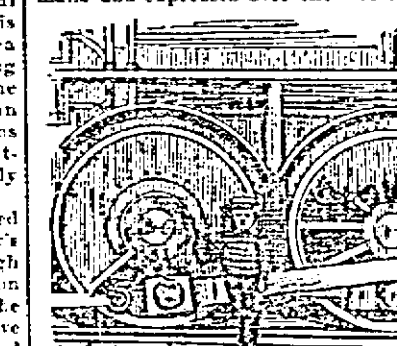
BOY WITH A HOBBY.

Master Hume Gibson Richards is a Mechanical Prodigy.

Although But Four Years of Age He Can Run a Locomotive and Erect a Night Hide Over the Western Mountains.

Master Hume Gibson Richards is the youngest locomotive driver in the world. Indeed, he is not only a mechanical prodigy, but is as remarkable for his knowledge in other lines. Before he was three years old he astonished the railroad men of the west by his great knowledge of mechanics. He knew every part of the intricate locomotive, could name those parts by their technical terms, and describe their functions with exact precision and readiness. Repeated tests have been made of his singular knowledge of mechanics by experts, and the results have astounded the wise ones. On one occasion Master Richards was taken to the locomotive works of one of the Chicago railroads and he named the various parts of a locomotive before they were put together. Those who witnessed the test were forced to the belief that the youngster could build a locomotive by direction. He has been to the scene of wrecks several times and the points of interest to him were the smashed engines and cars. He would look over the demolished locomotives just as an "old-timer" would do, and within the same length of time give with technical skill a detailed account of the damage sustained by the engine. There are thousands of railroad cars operated in this country and Canada by the various railroads. Master Richards has never failed yet in designating the roads to which these cars belong. He knows by the initials painted thereon.

Many is the time he has sat in the cabs of locomotives that pull the fast mails and expresses over the western



GOING AROUND THE ENGINE.
(One of the Favorite Occupations of Little Hume Richards.)

plains and mountainous highlands. To him such experiences have become as commonplace as to the engineers themselves. In fact, he is as much at home in the cab of a locomotive as the man at the throttle or the man who shovels coal in the firebox. Fear has never entered his mind while riding at the greatest speed in the cab of an engine. On some of his trips to and across the Rocky mountains he has fallen asleep alongside the boiler on the fireman's side of the cab. He would slumber soundly while the iron steed whirled around reverse curves, thundered up and down steep grades and through deep-walled cuts and rolled over level plains along those western overland routes. To him nothing is more interesting and absorbing.

Master Richards has not reached his fifth year, nor is he even able to read. He is too young to be sent to a kindergarten, his father preferring not to push him into the schoolroom before he is at least seven years old. His first love was a locomotive, and he studied it in his own peculiar way, without forgetting the smallest fact or part. He also took a keen interest in the late American-Spanish war, and has on his tongue's end the name of every battleship, cruiser, torpedo boat and other craft of importance that took part in that conflict on both sides. Further, he knows every state, territory and island, lake and river of the United States, and can bound many of the states without the aid of a map. It is one of his pleasures and pastimes to take imaginary trips around the world, and in these he rattles off the seas, straits and other bodies of water passed through, as well as the names of the countries skirted, for he is equally conversant with the countries of the world and their inhabitants. He knows more about the causes that led up to the American-Spanish war and the results than many of matured years. In fact, he is full of the Filipino war, Cuban annexation and Porto Rican liberty, and can bound these new possessions of Uncle Sam with readiness.

Master Richards, says the Chicago Tribune, was born in Chicago on July 15, 1895. His father moved to Lincoln, Neb. Mrs. Richards died a year ago and Master Richards has since been with his grandfather, Henry A. Richards, formerly of Chicago.

A Noted Noble Gentleman.

For his years, Sir Charles Dike is probably as fine an old man as could be found. One of Sir Charles' favorite recreations is sculling. When at his riverside retreat at Shepperton he is often to be seen in a pair-oared boat in company with some famous rowing man, pulling away with as much energy as an athlete half his age.

Clearing Vessels of Rats.

Dr. F. Apéry, a Constantinople scientist, says ships and warehouses can be cleared of rats by using carbonic acid gas, which being heavier than air, will sink to the bottom and suffocate them.

They Are Afraid of War.

One cause of the increase of immigration into the United States is said to be the apprehension of a great war in Europe.

WILLIAM D. WASHBURN.

Minnesota Republicans Would Like to Have Him Nominated for the Vice Presidency.

Former United States Senator William D. Washburn, who has been endorsed by the Minnesota republican convention for vice president, has been an eminent citizen of this state for upward of 30 years. His public career as member of the legislature, then of congress and latterly of the United States senate has been pleasing to the people who now seem inclined to give him larger honors as their favorite for the vice presidency. He is a man of



WILLIAM DREW WASHBURN.
(Endorsed by Minnesota Republicans for the Vice Presidency.)

broad culture and no little scholarship. He is a lawyer and business man. His friends believe he would make a capital presiding officer of the senate and would bring to that station all the dignity it deserves.

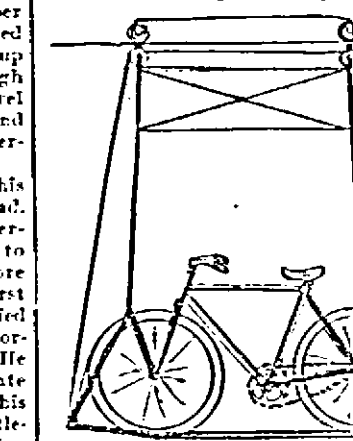
William Drew Washburn was born in Liverpool, Me., January 11, 1831, was graduated at Bowdoin in 1851, admitted to the bar in 1857, and began practice in Minnesota. In 1861-65 he was surveyor general of that state. Subsequently he settled in Minneapolis and engaged in manufacturing. He became president of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, and in 1875 was elected to congress, where he served for three terms, ending on March 3, 1885. Subsequently he was chosen United States senator, serving with distinction for several years.

THE BICYCLE TROLLEY.

Detroit Inventor Has an Idea Which is Interesting Even Though It May Not Be Practical.

If the dreams of a Detroit inventor are realized there will soon be a network of wires stretching across the country on which owners of bicycles will be able to travel at their ease and without paying any attention to the condition of the roads. The intention, as the Detroit man has patented it, consists of a steel frame suspended from a wire, the frame being so built that it will hold an ordinary bicycle, together with the necessary mechanism for communicating the power to the wheels running on the trolley wire.

When a bicycle is fitted into the frame of the "bicycle trolley" its rear



THE BICYCLE TROLLEY.
(A System Which Enables Wheelmen to Laugh at Bad Roads.)

wheel rests on a flat belt running over two small wheels. An upright steel rod with a level gear top and bottom transfers the power generated by riding the bicycle in the ordinary way to the wheels running on the trolley wire, so that the frame, bicycle, rider and all will be carried swiftly along beneath the wire. The inventor contemplates the formation of a national company, with toll gates, to control the wire roads and telephone service all along the route.

A Day of Sunspots.

The peculiar condition of the atmosphere over southern England and western France on January 11 gave rise to extraordinary exhibitions of solar halos, or sun-dogs, described in the scientific journals of both countries. The phenomena were very beautiful, the sun being surrounded with concentric circles and inverted arches showing rainbow colors, while mock suns appeared among the halos. They were caused by clouds of minute ice-crystals floating at a great elevation.

Books by Negro Authors.

Daniel Murray, of the congressional library, who is making a complete list of books and pamphlets by negro authors for the Paris exposition, has already compiled a list of over 1,600 names.

Women as Postal Clerks.

Thirty thousand women are employed in the British postal department. There are 150 head postmistresses and over 3,600 subpostmistresses.

Electric Roads in Berlin.

An electric railway is now running between the north and south extremities of Berlin.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Utterly Depraved.

Laura Humber, 12 years old, daughter of John Humber, was brought into court in Chippewa Falls, charged with attempting to murder her parents and three sisters. The girl broke glass into fine particles and placed it in several articles of food, but the glass was discovered by one of the sisters before any of the food was eaten. According to the father's story the girl is utterly depraved. He stated that she had tortured to death three domestic animals and a dozen chickens, and destroyed nearly all the family's wearing apparel. Judge Condit committed the girl to the industrial school in Milwaukee.

Man on Italian.

As a result of recent hazing episodes seven students at Wisconsin university—three sophomores and four freshmen—were suspended at a meeting of the faculty, the suspension to continue until November 1. It was practically agreed that if the two classes involved would give assurance to the faculty that as a student body they will honestly try to suppress hazing the suspensions may be annulled. At class meetings the conditions were met, resolution being passed to discourage and discontinue the practice of cane rushing and hazing.

Liable to a Fine.

County Clerk Thorne received a letter in Marinette from the attorney general of the state in regard to the recent marriage performed in that place before the five days' limitation had expired. The letter says that nothing in the statutes would indicate that a marriage performed under the circumstances would be invalid, although the priest who performed the marriage ceremony had himself liable to the penalty provided by this law.

Had Its Effect.

The Rock county G. A. R. passed a resolution recently protesting against the desecration of Decoration day by the proposed college ball team. This protest has had its effect. Manager John Fisher, of the athletic department of the University of Wisconsin, is in favor of surrendering the day.

Big Lumber Deal.

The Perley-Lowe company of Chicago has purchased the season's cut of the Peshtiga lumber company, which amounts to between 25,000,000 and 30,000,000 feet. The consideration is about \$400,000. This disposes of the last big block of lumber in the Marinette district.

Named by Lincoln.

Abraham Lincoln, Haskins, Gilson, Wells Haskins and Simon Cameron Haskins, brothers who were born on May 24, 1864, celebrated in Baraboo the thirty-sixth anniversary of their birth. The three brothers were named by Abraham Lincoln.

Big Contract.

The Jones-Harle shoe company in Racine has been awarded a contract by the United States government to manufacture 16,000 pairs of shoes for the United States soldiers, the price for the same amounting to about \$25,000.

The News Condensed.

Fred A. McMillen received a telegram in White-water from his son, Fred E. McMillen, that he had passed the examination for admission to the naval academy at Annapolis.

Thomas P. McCarthy, head sawyer on the night shift at the Diamond Match company's plant in Green Bay, fell onto the carriage of a hand saw and was cut to pieces. He leaves a wife and four children.

Nels Nygren, chairman of the town of Drammear, was killed by a falling tree.

William Webber, proprietor of the Bethesda brewery, died in Waukesha of heart disease, aged 43 years.

The following people have left Menomonie for Cape Nome, expecting to remain away for one year: Chris Solid, Peter Solid, Hans Nelson, Peter Nelson, Knute Martinson and Andrew Peterson.

At Rib Lake fire destroyed the engine and boiler house, bark mill, leaches and color vats of the Fayette Shaw tannery. Loss, \$15,000.

Henry Darling, aged seven, son of Richard Darling, of Summit, died from the effects of having eaten a root of wild carrot.

Henry S. Eldredge, aged 64, a farmer near Chilton, committed suicide by shooting himself while despondent. He leaves a widow and nine children.

Clara Abel, 17 years old, left her home at Spring Valley for a bicycle ride and has not been seen since.

A small fortune at Baraboo is waiting William Elfermann, formerly of that city.

The state supreme court has adjourned until 2:30 o'clock on the afternoon of June 21.

Fire in Silver City destroyed a block of stores and dwellings and a dozen families were made homeless.

John W. Black, of Janesville, secured a verdict of \$5,000 against G. A. Langhoffer for alienating his wife's affections.

It is announced that the creditors of the Plankinton bank in Milwaukee may realize nearly 100 cents on the dollar on their claims.

Three sons were born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Simonson, of Beaver Dam. Two of the boys weighed five pounds and one three. The triplets and mother were doing well.

The annual freshman debate in Beloit and Ripon colleges was won by Beloit.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

For the Week Ending May 20.

The business portion of Lake View, Ill., was destroyed by fire. Wednesday evening a total loss of \$18,000.

Frankfort, Ky., is free from soldiers for the first time since January 29.

The United States warns China that the "boxer" outrages must be stopped. Senator Foraker will nominate McKinley at the republican national convention.

South Dakota republicans have nominated Charles N. Herrell for governor. Queen Victoria's eighty-first birthday was celebrated throughout the British empire.

Cholera continues in India. Carson reports 3,607,999 famine sufferers receiving relief.

Rev. Charles M. Sheldon, of Topeka, Kan., author of "In His Steps," sailed for Europe.

Herbert Noyes, a prominent Cleveland (O.) business man, was fatally shot by two footpads.

P. M. Arthur has been selected grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

Engineer Frank Shaw and Fireman Harwood were killed in a train wreck at Oakland, Cal.

Diplomats in China demand that the government suppress the "boxers," who are gaining strength.

James M. Lynch, of Syracuse, N. Y., has been elected president of the International Typographical union.

Car jumped the track on an electric railway near Akron, O., and three men were killed and nine injured.

Ohio prohibitionists nominated a state ticket headed by J. K. Montgomery, of Greene county, for secretary of state.

American exports to Germany increased \$10,542,222 during the last nine months, despite 15 per cent. decrease in provisions.

Senator Hanna says statements that he intends to resign chairmanship of republican national committee are unauthorized.

Boer sympathizers at Monsey, N. Y., burned a British flag hoisted by an Englishman in honor of the queen's birthday.

Rev. Dr. Richard Fox, the oldest Presbyterian minister in Pennsylvania, died at his home in New Alexandria, aged 79 years.

The Louisiana legislature elected ex-Gov. Murphy J. Foster to the United States senate and re-elected Samuel Douglas McKimery.

Rousseau O. Crump, of West Bay City, was renominated for congress by the republicans of the Tenth district of Michigan.

Louisa Chamberlain, a wealthy Boston woman, 73 years old, took as her fourth husband W. A. Hutchinson, an actor, aged 21.

The Chinese minister at Washington has asked the president to withdraw the order excluding his countrymen from the Philippines.

Lord Lansdowne is announcing the plans to ship more troops to South Africa expressed the fear that recruits would be obtained with difficulty.

Jonas G. Clark, founder of Clark university in Worcester, Mass., died there, aged 82 years. His gifts to Clark university aggregate nearly \$500,000.

Secretary Wilson says that American action over the German tariff bill is not well founded, as it may be materially changed in the bush.

President McKinley will ride on horseback in the G. A. R. parade in Chicago in August, having accepted a place on the staff of Commander Shaw.

The director of posts of the Philippine islands reports that with all expenses paid there will be a profit of over \$25,000 for the 11 months from May 1, 1900.

Mrs. Emil J. Polak, while trying to save her little daughter from being mangled by a Northwestern train in West Maywood, Ill., was struck and instantly killed.

Charles W. Neely was arrested in New York on the charge of conversion of \$15,000 of government funds while financial agent of the post office department in Alaska.

The American Baptist Education society held its thirty-seventh annual meeting in Detroit. The annual report said last year was one of the best in the history of the society.

The engine attached to the west-bound fast mail train on the Lake Shore road went into a ditch at Westfield, N. Y., and Engineer Reagan and his fireman, William Delphoid, were killed.

Democrat, commander D. H. Smith for contest in the Fourth Kentucky district, E. C. Reeves in the First Tennessee district and Clarke Kitchen in the Second North Carolina district.

The vault of the Bank of Dover, Minn., was blown open by burglars and \$150 taken, \$50 of which was missing. Robbery was not discovered until morning, and the burglar made good their escape.

The banking house of Nelson & Co., of Pontwater, Mich., failed to open its doors. The liabilities are unofficially estimated at \$250,000 to \$300,000. It is impossible at this time to form an estimate of the assets.

The secretary of war has directed Lieut. Col. Webb C. Hayes, thirty-first volunteer infantry, upon his arrival at San Francisco to proceed to Los Angeles at once for honorable discharge from the service.

Charles Holmstrom, a Union (Ill.) saloon keeper, was convicted of murder in the second degree for killing Katie O'Neill, an inmate of a respectable house in Baltimore, Md., and sentenced to 12 years' imprisonment.

Francis John J. O'Donnell, a Catholic priest of New York, ended his life about six o'clock Friday evening by jumping into the lower Niagara river, a few hundred feet above the famous whirlpool rapids. He was swept into the rapids and down to death.

THE MARKETS.

New York, May 20.

LIVE STOCK—Cattle	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Hogs	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
Sheep	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1 1/2 @ 1 3/4
WHEAT—No. 3	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 4	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 5	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 6	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 7	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 8	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 9	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 10	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 11	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 12	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 13	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 14	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 15	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 16	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 17	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 18	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 19	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 20	1 1/4 @ 1 1/2

CHICAGO, May 20.

CATTLE—Steers.....	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
" Hogs.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
" Porkers.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
" Bulls.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
HORSE—Light.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
" Rough Packing.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
SHEEP.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
BUTTER—Creameries.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
" Dairies.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
EGGS.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
POTATOES (per ton).....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
IRON—July.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2

IN LOCAL MILL DISTRICT

(Continued from First Page.)

protection has a 2 1/2 inch feel and one two inch and one 2 1/2 inch outlet. There are two inch pipes running all through the mill. In four different parts of the mill hose is kept for fire protection, while it is also convenient in the boiler room. In case of fire, this would enable those present to reach the mill at any point inside with water or within a hundred feet of the mill on the outside. The two pumps are so connected that either can be used for filling the boilers or in case of fire.

The filling room is operated with a two horse power engine. The room contains all the latest improved machinery.

The machinery contained in the mill proper includes a band mill, using the shortest saw made. The saw in use is 31 feet. The longest saw that can be used is 52 feet, 11 inches. The shortest saw is specially adapted for sawing hardwood. The mill will cut a log five feet in diameter with the longest saw, while the shortest will cut a four foot log. The band saw is equipped with a nigger.

The band re-saw is an 18 inch Merston style. It has a 16 inch steam feed, making it a very swift mill. There is a 7 1/2 inch six saw gang edger, containing six saws, beside the inserted tooth saws, adapted for sawing two by fours. The trimmer is capable of trimming from six feet up to twenty-two feet. The sorting works are the same as Mr. Clayton had. The plant contains a bath, shingle and picket mill, also a wood machine. It is plain to be seen the company expects to have but little waste. The conveyors in the mill are all made of hardwood, lined with steel plates.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

For the Week Ending Tuesday, May 29, as Recorded With the R. of D.

Following are the real estate transfers in Oneida county for the week ending Tuesday, May 29, as recorded in the office of the register of deeds and furnished us by the deputy, Miss Pearl Curran:

S. D. Smith and wife to A. G. Jones, warranty deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
James L. Blackmer and wife to Wm. H. Lamm, warranty deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Woodruff & Marquette Co. to Thomas Young, warranty deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Mrs. Ella Christie to Mary Johnson, warranty deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Herman Schwab and wife to William Whitaker, warranty deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
A. Walk to J. O. Bernstien, warranty deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Robert K. and wife to James L. Blackmer, warranty deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Mary E. Freeman to Wm. Lamm, warranty deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
P. S. Campbell and wife to Mrs. Ella Christie, quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
E. H. Getchell and wife to G. G. Tuttle, quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Stevens Lbr. Co. to S. G. Tuttle and H. Ward, quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
H. E. Wilson to E. H. Getchell, quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Albert G. and wife to Albert G. and wife, quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Oneida county to Hannan Lumber Co., quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Oneida Co. to Sam S. Miller, quit claim deed, NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Oneida Co. to Jas. Lamm, quit claim deed, NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Oneida county to Theodore Olson, quit claim deed, NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Oneida Co. to F. L. Lamm, quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Oneida Co. to John O. Bernstien, quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00
Oneida Co. to Jas. A. Lamm and L. J. Little, quit claim deed, Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. \$200.00

Notice of Special Election.

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held in and for the city of Rhinelander in Oneida county, Wisconsin, on the first day of June, 1900, for the purpose of voting upon the following ordinance which was adopted by the Common Council of the city on the first day of May, 1900, and is submitted to the electors of the city pursuant to resolution of the Common Council and subdivision 127 of section 225 of the Revised Statutes. Said ordinance reads as follows:

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR PARK BONDS.

The Common Council of the City of Rhinelander do ordain as follows: SECTION 1. For the purpose of purchasing and establishing a public park in the city of Rhinelander, said city shall issue \$100,000 of 5 per cent. interest bearing bonds, interest payable semi-annually.

SECTION 2. Said bonds shall be ten in number of the denomination of \$10,000 and shall be numbered from 1 to 10 consecutively.

SECTION 3. Bond number 1 shall be payable March 1, 1902; No. 2 March 1, 1903; No. 3 March 1, 1904; No. 4 March 1, 1905; No. 5 March 1, 1906; No. 6 March 1, 1907; No. 7 March 1, 1908; No. 8 March 1, 1909; No. 9 March 1, 1910 and No. 10 March 1, 1911.

SECTION 4. Such bonds shall be signed by the Mayor and Comptroller, sealed and countersigned by the clerk, and shall be negotiated by the Mayor, Comptroller and Treasurer at not less than face value of said bonds shall be submitted to the Council for its action before said bonds are sold.

SECTION 5. There is hereby levied in and for the city of Rhinelander to pay the interest on said bonds and the principal thereof as it falls due a direct annual tax as follows:

For the year 1900, \$200; 1901, \$1,700; 1902, \$1,400; 1903, \$1,100; 1904, \$800; 1905, \$500; 1906, \$200; 1907, \$100; 1908, \$100; 1909, \$100; 1910, \$100; 1911, \$100.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force after it has been adopted by a majority of the electors voting at a special election to be held for the purpose of voting upon this ordinance.

The polls of said election will be open at 6 o'clock in the morning and close at 6 o'clock in the evening and will be held as follows:

First ward, Hose House No. 2. Second ward, Brown Brothers Boarding House. Third ward, Taylor's Bottling works on Messer street. Fourth ward, Hose House No. 1. Fifth ward, Chaffee and LaSalle building opposite Rapids House. Sixth ward, E. P. Martin building on Pelham street. Being places where polls were held for the Municipal election. Ballots in favor of ratifying said ordinance shall read "For Bonds." Ballots against ratifying said ordinance shall read "Against Bonds." Dated May 8, 1900.

W. W. CARR, City Clerk.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.

April 22, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on June 2, 1900, viz: Charles Negel who made H. E. No. 6725 for the Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Frank Steiner, Joseph Stankewicz, Alois Eteriska, Charles Gross, all of Rhinelander, Wis. Edgar T. Wheelock, Register, 61-apr-25-may-31

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.

April 22, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on June 2, 1900, viz: Joseph Stankewicz who made H. E. No. 6725 for the Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Frank Steiner, Otto Tryszak, E. Campbell, Fred John, all of Three Lakes, Wis. Edgar T. Wheelock, Register, 61-apr-25-may-31

Timber Land Act June 3, 1878.—Notice For Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.

Wausau, Wis., March 23, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," and to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Edith Kelley of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has this day filed with the register of deeds of said county, a certain statement No. 110, for the purchase of the NW 1/4 Sec. 11 in Township No. 37 North, Range No. 9 East, and will offer said land to the highest bidder on Friday, the 8th day of June, 1900. She names as witnesses: Archie Steiner, all of Rhinelander, Wis. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of June, 1900. Edgar T. Wheelock, Register, 106-may-31

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of eighty-seven dollars and 61-100 cent of interest due at this date on a certain real estate mortgage executed on the 25th day of March, 1899, by John Larson, mortgagor, to Allen H. James, mortgagee, which said mortgage contains a power of sale, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Oneida county, Wisconsin, on the 27th day of March, 1899, at two o'clock p.m. in Volume 9 of Mortgages, on page 16; and no action at law or otherwise having been commenced to recover the amount secured by said mortgage, and the power of sale having become operative by reason of said default:

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the land and premises therein described, to wit: The south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of Sec. number thirty (30), in Township number thirty-six (36) north of Range number nine (9) east, in Oneida county, Wisconsin, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, by the Sheriff of Oneida county, Wisconsin, on the 25th day of June, 1900, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the west door of the Court House, in the City of Rhinelander, in said county, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage as aforesaid, with collector's fees and costs of sale. Dated May 24, 1900. ALLEN H. JAMES, Mortgagee. 71-may-25

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.

April 17, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on June 2, 1900, viz: Otto Tryszak who made H. E. No. 6725 for the Lot 12 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, T. 33 N., R. 30 W., 1/2. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Frank Steiner, Joseph Stankewicz, William Bonack, Fred John, all of Three Lakes, Wis. Edgar T. Wheelock, Register, 61-apr-25-may-31

That "air of style" in mens apparel is found in

FRIEND BROS.

CLOTHING CO'S

Perfection

CLOTHING

Sold by first class dealers look for this label inside the collar.

FRIEND BROS. CLOTHING CO. MILWAUKEE, U.S.A.

J. A. WHITING,

VEGETARIAN SURGEON

And DENTIST.

Office at John & Clark's Alley.

Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

Is the Direct Route to CANADIAN PROVINCES, New England AND POINTS EAST NEW YORK

SOO-PACIFIC Scenic Route

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, PORTLAND, SAN FRANCISCO.

E. PENNINGTON, General Manager, W. R. CALLAWAY, General Passenger Agent, MINNEAPOLIS.

DRINK Schlitz

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS.

P. SHEELY, Agent, Rhinelander, Wis.

BY THE CASE.

1 Doz. quarts \$1.00

1/2 Doz. pints \$1.00

Prompt delivery to any part of city. Call by Phone—252

ONEIDA HOUSE

CUS HORN, Prop.

Transients will find it to their advantage to give this house a trial.

Rates, — One Dollar per Day

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Call and see me when in need of Up-to-Date Tailoring!

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I am instructed to make a general advance in prices of from 25 to 50 per cent. to take effect about May 30. Those who contemplate buying should take advantage of the present low prices.

Money to Loan on good security.

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Rock furnished. Low Prices

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There is not a workman in America but that knows that if the trusts are allowed to carry out their purpose, his condition inside of a few years will be bad. The workman, however, has it in his power to destroy these monopolies by refusing to buy trust-made goods. Take chewing tobacco for example. The Wilson-McCallay Tobacco Co., of Middletown, Ohio, is Union from start to finish and makes the choicest brands of plug tobacco. They are known to be equal to any and superior to most on the market. Here are the brands: Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Rise and Shine, Thrasher. The Union label appears on all these brands. You may be using some well known brand of tobacco that formerly was made by an independent concern, but which is now being made by a trust. You can ascertain this by inquiring of your dealer. If you find it to be trust made, avoid it, and you and others doing this same thing will be the direct cause of breaking the trust. Paste this list in your hat and stand to your labor colors!

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Don't Let Beer Get The Best Of You!

—Get the Best of BEER Which Is—

Rhinelanders Beer!

Rhinelanders Brewing Co.

A Good Cigar in Hand is worth any number of poor ones. People judge a man by his cigars as much sometimes as by his clothes. If you dress well and smoke poor cigars you are condemned by your friends. Come to the old reliable place and without paying more money get the best value and highest quality.

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Cornish Flour, Creamery and dairy butter, the best in the land, always fresh and sweet. The freshest of fresh eggs received daily. Vegetables—new lettuce, radishes, carrots, beets, parsnips, etc. Cranberries, fancy Jersey, Cranberries will soon be out of the market. These items are sold at the corner grocery for fruits of all kinds. Standard and Selects can always be had at the Corner Grocery.

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